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Facts and Fancies.

Columbia, Tenn., with a population of 6,000, lost but twenty-four by death last year

The just completed census of Philadelphia gives the population of that city as 817,448.

A Liverpool firm recently divided £200,000 among their employees who had been with them five years and more.

When a man has business that doesn't pay, he usually begins to look around for a partner to share his losses with him.

The Paris "Trois Freres" will have a restaurant at the Centennial, and the public will have a chance to see all the mysteries of a Paris kitchen.

The Indiana glass works has orders for 250,000 demijohns. Even if there were no almanacs one could tell by this that it was Presidential election this year.

The last fish story comes from ancient Nantucket, where a fisherman caught a seventy-five pound codfish, which, when opened, was found to contain two ducks.

It is the sagacious remark of a keen observer that you can generally tell a newly married couple at the dinner table by the indignation of the groom when a fly alights on the bride's butter.

Better to hope though the clouds hang low.
And to keep the eyes still lifted
For the sweet blue sky will soon peep through,
When the cautious clouds are drifted.
There was never a night without a day,
Nor an evening without a morning
And the darkest hour, the proverb says,
Is the hour before the dawning

The city of Custer, in the Black Hills, celebrated its first funeral and began its first graveyard. In the whole city only one Bible was found. It belonged to a girl, daughter of one of the miners.

There has seldom, if ever, been so much unemployed labor in the north of England as at the present moment. There are eighteen collieries laid off in the county of Durham, and 10,000 iron workers have been idle for months.

It is said that one of the fabricators of the notes bearing the forged signatures of Victor Emanuel, which have been circulated in Italy, is the king's own son, one of the Countess Mirafiore's children. He is an officer in the army.

Three swindlers confined in Newgate, London, having complained to the lord mayor that they were underfed, the governor of the jail proved before the chief magistrate that the complainants had increased in weight since their admission.

A Southern paper says that when the revenue detectives of Mobile boarded a steamer direct from Cuba the other day, the captain invited them below to dine, and while he was saying a very lengthy grace, the crew put ashore a lot of smuggled cigars.

We continue to hear of striped stockings doing harm to their wearers. But it isn't the stripes; it is the poisonous materials they are dyed with. Striped stockings are better than those that are all one color, provided the dye is the same in both.

The rapid and emphatic recital of the following is said to be an infallible cure for lisping: Hobbs meets Snobbs and Nobbs; Hobbs bobs to Snobbs and Nobbs; Hobbs sobs with Snobbs and Nobbs' fobs. "This is," says Nobbs, "the worse for Hobbs' jobs," and Snobbs sobs.

LUCULLUS:

A STORY OF ANCIENT ROME.

BY J. R. KLEBERG.

[CONTINUED FROM LAST WEEK.]

CHAPTER X.

Confusion, if not terror, reigned in the house of Silanus when night approached and the fair Claudia had not returned. Silanus was absent at the camp of the legion of which he was in command, which was but a few miles from Rome. But when night had come and her daughter had not returned, the lady Aurelia dispatched a servant to the house of Antonia, where he was informed that the lady, with her attendants, had started for the city long before nightfall.

When the servant returned with this information a mounted messenger was dispatched in all haste to the camp of Silanus, with the hope that the absent one had gone to the camp of her father. Half way to the camp this messenger met Silanus with a party of the officers of his legion on their way to Rome. In a few words the message of the servant was given.

When Silanus became aware of its full import, he plunged his spurs into the sides of the noble animal upon which he was mounted and rode forward like the wind toward the city. Reaching the gates the delay of opening them seemed to him interminable, but when once they were passed he again rode fiercely forward until he reached the courtyard of his palace on the Palatine hill.

In the hall of the palace were the lady Aurelia and Caius Cesar, awaiting his arrival, and as he entered they looked beyond him as if they expected the absent one was following him.

"Then Claudia has not returned with thee?" cried the lady Aurelia.

"I have not seen her," replied the tribune.

"No," said the lady, as she wrung her hands and turned away to hide the tears that rushed over her pale cheeks.

A dark frown had gathered upon the brow of Caius Cesar as the tribune turned and asked his opinion of the matter.

"It is possible," replied the young Cesar, "that she has been captured by some one of the predatory bands of robbers who infest the country, and sometimes, I am told, appear at the very gates of Rome with their insolent badinage. By them she will be treated with fair courtesy, as they simply hold her for ransom. But"—and he hesitated for a moment, while a dark scowl disfigured his countenance.

"Speak out," cried the tribune; "this is no time for hesitation."

"But she may again have been seized by the myrmidons of Sejanus, and is now a prisoner in his palace."

"Now, by the gods!" cried the tribune, "if such prove to be the fact, though surrounded by the whole camp of his praetorians, I swear that my sword shall reach the heart of the base tyrant."

"My first suspicions rest upon Sejanus, and I can easily ascertain whether she has been taken to his palace. In the meantime do thou arm and mount thy servants, and within the hour I will return to join thee in an incursion upon the haunts of those robbers I have mentioned."

Leaving the house of Silanus, he soon reached his own residence, where he ordered the first domestic he met to send Elydon to him. Reaching his own private chamber, he impatiently paced the floor until the arrival of his favorite freedman, who was dispatched at once on his mission to the palace of Sejanus. An hour had scarcely elapsed, when Elydon returned with the certain information that if the daughter of the tribune was in the hands of Sejanus, she had not been brought to his palace in Rome.

"But," said Elydon, "on my way back I came suddenly upon the form of Cyrus, the slave of Sejanus, who was skulking among the dark shadows of the buildings and evidently watching the portal of this house. And while I saw and recognized him, he doubtless believed himself unseen."

"Ah! then I still believe my suspicions to be well founded," replied Caius. "Dost thou believe thou canst outwit the slave and watch the watcher until thou hast found out the purpose of his espial?"

"I can but try," said Elydon, while a faint smile came over his lip, as if he held the cunning of the slave Cyrus in some contempt.

"Do so, and if thou outwittest the villain and bringest me tidings of the fair Claudia thou shalt name thy own reward. In the meantime I go to the house of Silanus; shouldst thou have need, seek me there."

Elydon at once entered upon his mission. Leaving the house by a private door, he carefully worked himself up where he had seen the concealed spy, whom he discovered to be still on the watch. Shortly after he had encamped himself in a favorable position for observation Caius Cesar descended from the portal of his house and proceeded along the street toward that quarter of the city where dwelt the tribune Silanus. No sooner had he appeared than the crouching figure of the slave Cyrus arose erect and with a gliding movement followed in his footsteps. But behind the spy came a shadow-like form that moved with a noiseless tread, yet keeping near the object of its espial, and sometimes when the spy moved as if to close up with the young Cesar the faithful Elydon was almost thrown off his guard in his haste to move forward; for a nameless dread had come over him as he followed in the footsteps of the spy. What if the intention of the wretch was assassination! And the faithful freedman felt for a long knife that was secured in his girdle, and so adjusted it that it could be drawn forth with the slightest effort. The sky was covered with a light haze, through which here and there a single star might be seen, and the moon had not yet risen. As they moved along they occasionally came to a place where the shadows were lying deeper, and at these places Elydon instinctively grasped the handle of his knife and with half drawn breath listened for the dreaded attack which he feared, until at last the house of Silanus was reached just as the tribune with an armed party of mounted attendants issued from the courtyard of the palace. The young Cesar at once joined them, a servant dismounting and giving his horse to him, and he moved on by the side of Silanus.

Elydon had halted in the dark shadow of a building when he saw his master in safety, his eyes still fixed upon the spy, who was now joined by a companion. There was a whispered consultation between the two for a moment, when they started in full pursuit of the party of the tribune. And they in turn were followed by Elydon. They reached the gates before the whole party of horsemen had passed through, and muscling Elydon, keeping close to the wall as he passed the gate, saw the two slaves of Sejanus again in consultation, when one of them moved away swiftly on the track of the horsemen, while Cyrus more leisurely turned off in the opposite direction.

"Aha! my friend Cyrus," muttered Elydon to himself, "we give up the pursuit, it seems. But what little job have we in hand out in the country? Doth some love charm draw thee? For want of something better to do I must still follow thee."

And suiting the action to the thought, Elydon followed the retreating form of Cyrus silently, stealthily, until, footsore and weary, they reached the villa-castle of Sejanus, and Cyrus, making some signal at the heavy portal, it opened and closed behind him, leaving Elydon staring in blank wonder and chagrin that he had come so far to accomplish so little. But as he gazed upon the portal where the form of the slave had vanished, a thought like a revelation occurred to him, that by following the slave of Sejanus it was possible he had followed him to his master's house. Cautiously he moved around the villa, and, on one side, from a window far up, a single stream of light poured out; he saw it trembling among the leaves of the chestnut trees, and in a moment was climbing a tree with all the agility of more youthful days. Reaching the line of the light, he gently parted the leaves, and there right before him, within twenty yards, stood Cyrus, the slave, and Aelius Sejanus.

CHAPTER XI.

With a slow and hesitating step Dame Ghinetta entered the apartment where Sejanus was slowly pacing the floor. When but a few paces from the entrance the dame halted, and with hands folded awaited the approach of Sejanus, who turned from the farther part of the room and came toward her.

"Ghinna," said he, as he came near her, "I owe thee some apology for bringing the young maiden to thy house. I saw her but by accident after having long sought for her; in a short time she would have been at the gates of Rome and beyond my power. I ordered my servants to seize and bring her hither, expecting that after a short interview I should be able to remove her hence at once. I am now unable to do that without violence, to which, in this case, I have a most particular aversion."

"Why should the master apologize to the servant?" replied the dame, in a hard, cold tone.

"Thou knowest, Ghinna, that we hold no such relations toward each other, and I have no desire to give offense to thee."

"Is it no offense to seize an innocent maiden on the highway, beat, if not murder, her attendants, and then bring her to a house thou hast called mine, and coolly order me to be her keeper?"

"Pardon me, I had only intended this as a temporary matter of an hour or two."

"And now?"

"It is simply impossible to remove the maiden at present."

"And thy desire is that I continue my present relations to this maiden for an indefinite time?"

"It is."

"To what purpose?"

"That I may have fair opportunity to win her love."

"It is impossible."

"I have never yet failed in any purpose or pursuit upon which I have set my heart."

"In this, then, thou hast met thy nemesis."

"Bend or break hath ever been my policy."

"And darest thou, Aelius Sejanus, thus vaunt thy vile policy with the same breath in which thou hast desired my assistance! No; sooner would I return to that poverty from which thy bounty hath rescued me than assist with one word, or thought, or act, thy villainous purpose. Hear me, Sejanus; thou standest on the brink of a dark gulf into which thy mounting ambition will drag thee; but a single unguarded step, and thou art lost. Through the dim shadows of the dread future I see a dark cloud arising whose hidden thunder will hurl thee down the yawning abyss where the dwellers of Hades wander in eternal darkness and woe. Oh, Sejanus! son of that sister whom I so dearly loved, thou who hath been hard to others and to me hath been ever gentle, wilt thou not listen to the voice of age, to the warning that comes back to thee from the ashes of the silent dead? Woe to thee if harm comes to the innocent maiden now in thy toils; woe to thee, when an outraged people and a jealous master turn upon thee! I have loved thee, for thou hast been kind to me. I have loved thee, for the memories of those who have gone before me to the bright elysium to which my feet are hastening, and warn thee, while there is yet time, perhaps, to escape the fate to which thy proud ambition and thy unbridled passions are lead-

The tall, spare form of the woman seemed to grow taller and the form to dilate, as with hands outstretched and a voice trembling with emotion, she seemed indued with the spirit of prophecy. Sejanus trembled as he listened, and his face became pale as the face of the dead; and when her voice ceased, it was some moments before he could venture to answer her.

"Ghinna," said he, and his voice still trembled from the emotion he had felt; "Ghinna, thou hast magnified the importance of the act for which thou dost condemn me. What wouldst thou have me do?"

"Open wide the door and bid the maiden depart."

"And acknowledge I dared not retain her?"

"Oh, pride of human heart! Dare! Thou shouldst not dare do wrong, but the right for it is an attribute of the gods."

"I will reflect, and to-morrow perhaps I will do as thou desirest me."

"To-morrow may be too late."

"Bear with me till then."

"If such be thy desire."

"It is."

And he turned away from her with a gloomy brow, while she slowly left the apartment.

Sejanus approached a window and threw open the casement. The cool night wind blew upon his fevered brow, he gazed out into the darkness, but yet saw nothing, for his eyes were turned inwardly as he sought through the intricacies of his present position a way out to safety.

"No, no," he whispered, "I will not yield the maiden to them; they cannot trace her to this place, and my good Aunt Ghinetta must remain her keeper, however distasteful it may be to her. I will tell her my immediate safety depends on the incarceration of the lady in this place, and she will submit."

Turning from the window, he walked to the door of his apartment and looked out into the hall. A single servant was leaning listlessly against a column, but at a word from Sejanus he became all attention.

"Send Cyrus and Barban hither," he said to him.

In a few moments the two servants entered the apartment and stood with bowed heads near the door awaiting the commands of their master. Sejanus approached them and for a moment gazed steadily upon the two slaves, for such was the condition of the servants before him.

"Thou hast served me faithfully in many things," said Sejanus to them, "and hast deserved at my hands thy freedom; but I could not give it to thee, lest thou shouldst desert my service. Now, I once more test thy fidelity. The maiden whom thou didst long ago seize and allow to escape from thee is again in my power and lodged in this house. She proves to be of higher rank than I had deemed her, and it is necessary that the place of her concealment should be carefully hidden from her friends. Thou, Cyrus, wilt go hence and watch the house where dwelleth Caius Cesar, and be as a shadow to his footsteps whithersoever he goeth. Thou, Barban, to the palace of the tribune Silanus, and mark each movement from that place. Should an armed party issue forth, ascertain if possible its object and follow it. Have thy horse at some place without the gates to be used if there be need of it. Begone! As thou art true and faithful expect thy reward."

We left the faithful Elydon perched in a tree with his eyes staring through the open casement of the apartment of Sejanus. The first words of the communication of Cyrus did not reach him, but the voice of the master was louder and he heard him ask:

"Whom then do they suspect?"

"Some roving band of robbers who have seized her, expecting a ransom."

"And they have gone to scour the country in search of such band?"

"So said Barban."

"And he follows them?"

"Aye."

"Dress thyself at once as a peasant, ride out and intercept this party, and tell them whatever story thou wilt, only do thou lead them to suppose the maiden hath been captured by robbers and taken towards the Sabine hills. Thou art knave enough to invent thine own story. Begone, and see that thou useest dispatch as well as discretion."

As the slave left the apartment, his master continued the slow walk back and forth across the chamber, while Elydon glided swiftly down the trunk of the tree. When he had reached the ground he stood a few moments in doubt as to the course which he should pursue to counteract the false intelligence which it was the mission of Cyrus to bear. He remembered a friend, a poor farmer, of whom he might obtain a horse; but when he thought of the sad condition and poor qualities of this nag, he decided that he must return to the stable of his master for a suitable steed for the expedition. Moving forward swiftly when he had come to this conclusion, he soon reached the villa where he inquired whether the party of the tribune had returned, and was answered in the negative. When he again appeared at the gates the gray dawn was breaking along the east, and, as he started forth on the route where he had seen the party of the tribune fade in the shadows of the previous night, he felt that although he was moving like the wind he progressed at but a snail's pace. Daylight soon spread over the landscape, and he could see the tracks of the party of horsemen, whose steeds had torn up the earth as they had moved on at full speed. Elydon followed the tracks until he came to the camp of the Tenth legion, the troops of the tribune, where they had halted but a few moments. Here he found the camp in commotion, detachments of soldiers were patrolling the country, and as he approached the camp, a small party of horsemen were moving out of it, who halted as he approached them.

"From whence comest thou?" demanded one of the party.

"From Rome," replied the freedman.

"Whither bound?"

"I seek the party of the tribune Silanus."

"What news bringest thou?"

"That which will cause the return of the party at once to Rome."

"Forward, then; we ride with thee."

And the party rode swiftly onward toward the east, where some heavily wooded hills arose darkly in the morning light. The few peasants they saw had heard the party of horsemen pass the previous night, but none had seen them. [illegible] by the fresh tracks of the party they were in pursuit of, when they met a peasant, who said a party of horsemen had slowly passed him within a half hour. The horses of the tribune's party were evidently jaded, and the soldiers with Elydon had not ridden far before they came in sight of the tribune and his servants halted upon a hillside. As Elydon and the soldiers rode up to them he saw the tribune was questioning a peasant who stood facing him, with his back toward Elydon.

"When was this," he heard the tribune ask.

"An hour before sunset."

"And thou sayest the party attacked and carried away captive was a lady and two attendants?"

"Aye, and the lady rode a dappled horse of great beauty."

"And what course did they take when they had accomplished their purpose?"

"They rode in the direction of the Sabine hills and seemed to be in haste."

"Did they seem to notice thee?"

"No; I halted, for what could one man do against twenty armed men."

"Did they use the lady roughly?"

"No, in all gentleness it seemed to me. one of the robbers simply grasping the bridle of her horse and leading him."

"And you think they were robbers!"

"I have not a doubt of it."

"And I have not a doubt of thy identity," cried Elydon, who had dismounted and coming up behind the peasant had grasped him by the throat. There was a fierce struggle for a few moments between the two, and then the peasant was hurled to the earth and pinned there by the knee of the freedman.

"Bring cords for the traitor," cried Elydon, as he still struggled with his prostrate foe.

In a few moments the peasant with [illegible] by a cord passing about his waist, and at the elbows, binding his arms behind his back, while the tribune and Caius Cesar stood looking on with astonishment.

"Elydon," said the tribune, "dost thou know this man?"

"Aye, as one of the most arrant knaves in Rome. It is Cyrus, the slave of Sejanus."

"Didst thou hear the story he told?"

"Aye, and every word was false."

"Dost thou bring tidings of my daughter?"

"Enough to turn thy steps toward the city."

"Mount!" cried the tribune to the horsemen, who had gathered around them; "mount, we will return to Rome. To you," he said, turning to the party who had ridden with Elydon, "I commit the prisoner; use him with all gentleness, but retain him in camp under guard until further orders."

"Now," said the tribune, as the party of horsemen moved forward, leaving Caius Cesar and the tribune, with Elydon riding between them, in the rear. "Now, we will hear thy report."

And in as few words as possible Elydon told what he had seen and heard at the villa whither he had followed Cyrus, the slave.

"Dost thou think," asked the tribune, "that Claudia is at this suburban villa of Sejanus?"

"I think she is in the power of Sejanus, but I have formed no opinion as to the place of her imprisonment. When I heard the commands of Sejanus to his slave Cyrus, my whole mind was absorbed in the effort to reach them in time to [illegible] Rome."

"For which more than thanks are due thee, my brave Elydon," replied the tribune.

"If the lady be confined in the villa I visited last night, I believe I can ascertain the fact," said Elydon.

"I had thought I would surround that place with a troop of horse and leave not one hole or corner unsearched," replied the tribune. "What sayest thou Caius?"

"The act would be unlawful, and if our dear Claudia be not found there, it being, as it seems, the house of the minister of the emperor, complications, if not criminations, might arise that would be disagreeable, if not disastrous. Leave the matter with Elydon for a few hours longer, and if he should ascertain for a fact that our lost one is confined there, I will assist to pull down the last stone of the structure but we find her."

"So be it," replied the tribune, but in a lower tone, accompanied by a deep sigh; and, as if speaking to himself, he said: "Alas! my poor child, to what sad fate art thou doomed?"

They had reached the camp of the legion of the tribune and had halted for a few moments to dispose of the prisoner, when Elydon, who was looking upon the slave, saw a glance of intelligence and a quick sign made to one of the servants of the tribune, who gave an answering signal.

As the party again moved forward, Elydon contrived to mingle with the servants of Silanus in such a manner that he continually shadowed the servant whom he believed was a spy or traitor. As they approached the city gates he noticed that the servant on whom his suspicions had rested gave quick and furtive glances around, and contrived to fall back to the rear of the party, and at last dismounted as if to adjust some part of his accoutrements, at the same time keeping a sharp eye on his retiring companions. Elydon suddenly wheeled his horse and rode down upon this man and cried: "Yield thee, traitor, or thou diest!" And at the same time raised above his head a short sword. But the man, by a powerful grasp on the bridle of his horse, compelled the animal to rear and turn half way around, and as he came down upon his forward feet he lashed out with his hind feet so viciously that for a moment there was a wide space between the man and Elydon, and the next moment he sprang from the ground into his saddle and was off like the wind.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

When a thief enters a house in Paris and carries off all the valuables, along with the door knobs and blind hinges, and then returns for the clapboards and the rest of the building, it is called stealing "a la mode Americque."

In olden times, when a criminal was tried in England, he was never questioned as to his guilt or innocence. He was tried first, and axed afterwards.

The M'Kean Miner.

H. F. Barbour - - Editor.

THURSDAY, MAY 4, 1876.

The President says he should veto the Consular and Diplomatic bill if it comes to him as framed by the House, as he believes the reductions would cripple the service. Secretary Fish and the American people are among the parties who perfectly agree with the President on this subject.

The decision of Judge H. W. Williams in the Sheriffalty contest sustains the opinion of the Attorney General that C. S. King, the elected Sheriff, is entitled to hold the office for the full term to which he was elected. Elsewhere we publish Judge Williams's Opinion in full. It is an able document, and merits the careful perusal that we expect it will receive.

Another crazy democratic muck-raker in Congress, one Springer, thought he had found something that would "kill" Morton a few days ago, but he and his scandal-seeking crew were disgusted to discover that they had only uncovered a portion of the "copperhead" record of the Indiana democrats and added to the album of their party and the honor of Morton. Next!

Speaking of the Connecticut Senatorship, the Evening Post says:

If Democrats when on their good behavior have to, such men as David A. Wells, or Governor Ingersoll to "reward" a Barnum—if they thus ignore and insult every patriotic impulse for much needed reform and purity in public morals—we can very certainly prophesy that next November they will hear of something to their disadvantage.

We think that it was in the Emporium *Independent* that we noticed last week a driveling re-hash of the completely exploded yarn of the "draining of the Treasury" by Grant to elect himself. The Cincinnati *Inquirer*, which perhaps is as strongly democratic and quite as intelligently so as the *Independent*, tells the tale on a different strain. It says "A sensational story was recently sent broadcast that President Grant, by the use of money [illegible] York for the Republicans, &c. It was charged that John I. Davenport, Supervisor of Elections, was the individual who disbursed the money. Davenport appeared before the committee to-day, all the Democrats expecting to catch the President, but he made their hair stand on end by making revelations, sustained by documentary evidence, showing that astonishing election frauds have been perpetrated in that city for years by Sam Tilden's Democrats. Davenport appears again to-morrow, and it will take several days to complete his testimony, which will be rich and startling. The Democrats have got hold of the wrong man."

The contrast between the Republican proceedings at Boston and the Democratic proceedings at Utica would seem sufficient to show how independent reformers might be expected to act if they were amenable to the practical considerations of ordinary life. Here are the members of a Republican Convention animated by a sincere desire to adapt the policy and the management of their party to the interest and wants of the country. They denounce prevailing abuses unsparingly, and they initiate measures which commend themselves to the consciences as well as the judgments of patriotic people. There is no contention about persons—no disposition to evade a great duty. Here again, in a Democratic Convention whose members devote all one day and part of another to a disgusting squabble between two factions, and who finally identify themselves with the faction whose name is in this City synonymous with theft and fraud and corruption. A convention packed in the interest of a certain candidate for the Presidency, whose career in this office he now occupies has placed him on a level with the veriest dem agogue—who has no chance of a re-nomination, except as the result of intrigue and bribery—and whose professions to purity are belied by his affiliations and antecedents not less than by his conduct in the Governor's official chair. A convention, moreover, whose platform is composed of platitudes which the conduct of the Democratic majority in the House of Representatives has rendered contemptible. Does not the contrast point a moral that is obviously applicable to non-partisan reformers who are anxious to find out how they can do the most good?—N. Y. Times.

- The formation of the new political club in New York city called the Republican Reform club should commend itself to every good Republican. The published list of officers and members comprises the names of Republicans representing the best elements of professional and commercial life. The club is not, as some of our democratic friends would be glad to think, in the interest of any "third party" movement. Its aim will be to work inside the Republican organization, and to bring to bear upon the Cincinnati Convention, in some organized form the higher public opinion of the country. It will seek to secure the nomination of a Republican candidate who will be able to fulfill the requirements of one of the resolutions of the Pennsylvania platform. He must be "a Reformer as well as a Republican," "one who has brains enough to know fraud when he sees it, and courage enough to fight it when he finds it."

HON. H. W. WILLIAMS' OPINION.

THOMAS KING, vs. CHESTER S. KING } No 200, Feb. T. 1876. Q. W. WARRANTO. Heard Apr. 19, 1876.

OPINION.—In October, 1872, M. N. Powell was elected Sheriff of McKean county, and commissioned for the term of three years. The time for choosing his successor was the general election of 1875. The Sheriff's Proclamation for the election had been duly issued and advertised, designating the offices to be filled at the election; that of sheriff being one. Candidates had been put in nomination by both parties for the election to the office of Sheriff, and the political canvass nearly closed when Powell, after an illness of a few hours duration, died. This was on the 14th day of October, and the election was to occur on the 2d day of November, or within less than three weeks. The relator was appointed to fill the vacancy, and commissioned by the Governor, as Sheriff, his commission running according to its terms until the close of the next (the present) session of the Legislature.

The election was proceeded with in accordance with the Sheriff's Proclamation, and resulted in the election of the respondent to the office of sheriff of McKean county. He was commissioned by the Governor for a full term of three years in accordance with the terms of the election so held. The writ of "QUO WARRANTO" was applied for by the relator in order to test the validity of the commission so issued to the respondent.

In his petition the relator sets out the terms of the said commission, and claims the office, by virtue thereof.

The respondent replies the election and his commission issued in pursuance thereof, for the term of three years. To this answer the relator demurs. The issue therefore is one of law simply, and presents the question of the validity of the election of the respondent. Its validity is denied upon the allegation that there was no vacancy in the office of Sheriff to be filled at the general election of 1875, because the death of Powell occurred within three months immediately preceding the election. This circumstance, it is argued, took from the electors of McKean county the power to elect a Sheriff, because of the provisions of the New Constitution, and the Act of May 15, 1874. It becomes necessary therefore to examine somewhat at length the provisions bearing upon this subject. Art. 4, Sec. 3, of the Constitution confers on the Governor the power to nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of two-thirds of the Senate, to appoint certain officers whose places are not under any circumstances to be filled by election, and gives him the power to fill vacancies that may happen during a recess of the Senate in these offices, and issue commissions to his appointees during such recess, to expire at "the end of the next session." The same section then proceeds to confer on the Governor the power to fill vacancies in certain elective offices, and provides that if the vacancies occur during the session of the Senate, the Governor shall nominate to the Senate a suitable person to fill the vacancy. It then concludes with these words: "But in any such "case of vacancy in an elective office a "person shall be chosen to said office at "the next general election, unless the "vacancy shall happen within three "calendar months immediately preced-"ing said election, in which case the elec-"tion for said office shall be held at the "second succeeding general election."

The other constitutional provisions bearing upon the question are sections 1 and 2, of Art 14. Sec. 1, defines and enumerates the "County Officers," the office of Sheriff being one of them. Sec. 2 "provides that "county" officers shall "be elected at the general elections, and "shall hold their offices for the term of "three years, beginning on the 1st Mon-"day of January next after their election, "and until their successors shall be duly "qualified. All vacancies not otherwise "provided for shall be filled in such "manner as may be provided by law."

From these provisions it seems clear that if the death of M. N. Powell created a vacancy within the meaning of Sec. 3, of Article 4, the power of the relator is sustained. Before determining the point it is important to get at the exact sense in which the word is employed in this section; it should be borne in mind that Sec. 1 and 2, of Art 14, fix the terms of "County Officers," and provide for their election. The whole subject therefore of the election and succession of all County Officers, being thus distinctly provided for, we may safely conclude that such provisions as relate only to the filling of vacancies were intended to be auxilliary to, and not destructive of the provision of Art 14. With this thought in mind, let us now turn back to Sec. 3, Article 4, and look once more at its words: "But "in any such case of vacancy in an elec-"tive office, persons shall be chosen to "said office at the next general election."

Chosen for what?—not for a term to be filled regularly, under Art 14,—but to fill an office that would otherwise be vacant, because of the want of authority to elect at that time; if it was a choosing at the regular time fixed, in order to keep up the line of succession in the office, the case would be already provided for; but Sec. 3, continues the subject by adding "unless the vacancy shall happen within "three calendar months immediately "preceding such election, in which case "the election for said office" (that is—to fill the vacancy in said office) "shall be "held at the second succeeding general "election." Why? because a vacancy ought not to be filled by an election without time enough in which to select suitable candidates, and give general notice to electors that an officer is to be voted for, not ordinarily elected at that time. This construction leaves Art. 14 to provide for the ordinary succession of official terms; and Sec. 3 of Art. 4 to provide for the extraordinary elections rendered necessary by the happening of a vacancy requiring to be filled by an election at another than the regular tri-ennial election. But is the Act of 1874 capable of a construction in harmony with this view of the constitutional provisions? It declares "that in case of a vacancy happening by "death, resignation, removal or other-"wise, the Governor shall appoint to "fill the vacancy, where provision is not "already made by the Constitution or "laws for filling it, and that the person "so appointed shall continue in office till "the first Monday of January next suc-"ceeding the first general election, "which shall occur three or more months "after the happening of such vacancy." The title of this act shows that its purpose is simply "to provide for the appoint-"ment of officers to fill vacancies in "cases not otherwise provided for by the "Constitution or laws of this Common-"wealth." It was intended to carry out the provisions of Sec. 3, of Art. 4. If the view we have taken of that section be correct, then this act of Assembly must be held to relate only in such cases of vacancy as require to be filled at another time than the regular or usual election for filling the office. A vacancy occurring at such time as to be filled by the people without any departure from the rule of election fixed by Art. 14, is already "provided for." The case not provided for at the passage of the act, was the occurrence of a vacancy requiring to be filled at another than the usual time of which all electors would have notice. The provision made for this case by the Act of 1874, is that such vacancy shall be filled at the first election occurring and opportunity to make an intelligent choice. This time is fixed at three months. Any other view of this act makes it impinge upon Art 14, Sec. 2, of the Constitution, but the construction we have considered not only relieves the act of 1874, of this difficulty, but assigns to it its proper place in our elective system. The people elect their officers for fixed terms and at regular intervals, so that no vacancy can occur without the intervention of some disturbing cause, such as the death, resignation, or removal of the officer, when by reason of such disturbing cause, the vacancy does occur for which the ordinary machinery of the election laws is inadequate to provide. We have the remedy for the exceptional and disturbing case in the provisions relating to the filling of just such vacancies, this makes our system complete and harmonious.

But let us look at the consequences that might follow a holding in accordance with the position of the "relator." If the vacancy is not seen as we have supposed, but is any vacancy occurring at any time, then the regular operation of the election laws would be interfered with in the case in hand, and an election occurring at the end of the constitutional term of the office, for which candidates had been nominated after their qualifications had been discussed, and their friends marshalled, would be postponed for one whole year. If these consequences must follow when the death of the officer occurs three weeks before the election at which his successor should regularly be chosen, they must with equal certainty follow if the death occurs but one week, or one day before the time for opening the polls. If the death of the incumbent works this serious change in the position of candidates and electors, so equally must [illegible] it might happen therefore that the incumbent of a county office becoming satisfied that his favorite candidate for the succession must be defeated, should resign on the eve of election, thereby creating a vacancy, which the Governor must fill, and so not only postpone the election for one year and secure an opportunity to fight the battle over, but by the appointment of his candidate by the Governor to fill the vacancy, secure for him, meantime by this artifice, the very office that it had become apparent the people were not disposed to confer upon him, and when the second succeeding general election comes around, and the issue is again made up with another prospect of defeat, what could prevent the appointee from making his resignation, and so creating another vacancy to be filled by the Governor, and postponing the election for another year. Who can tell at what time an elect on could ever be reached at which the electors might feel sure that they would be permitted to exercise their constitutional right to elect a Sheriff. But suppose the election to have been held, the votes actually counted and the result ascertained to be adverse to the wishes of the incumbent, and he then resigns. What follows? Here is a vacancy in the office of Sheriff, and it has happened by resignation; it is one of the precise cases put by the act of 1874: if the relator's construction be correct, how is this vacancy to be filled? Very clearly, it must be filled by appointment by the Governor. How long shall the appointee hold? The reply of the relator must be, "until the first Monday of "January next succeeding the first general "election which shall occur three or "more months after the happening of such "vacancy." And there can be no escape from it if his construction be correct. Such consequences were not intended by the Constitution or by the act of 1874; and they seem to illustrate the necessity of giving such a construction to all their provisions, as shall secure to the people the right to elect their officers in accordance with the spirit of our institutions, as the first object of regard; and then in the next place, and in subordination to this great fundamental right to provide for filling vacancies occurring within the term at such times and in such manner, that the ordinary operation of our elective system fails to provide for the succession.

The question is new, and the phraseology of the Constitution and of the act of '74, is such that the work of harmonizing their provisions is by no means easy, but we have persuaded ourselves that it is not impossible. From the construction we have adopted, we have come to the following conclusions applicable to this case: Viz: That the election of 1875 was the usual, regular and proper tri-ennial election for Sheriff of McKean County.

That the death of the outgoing officer, a few days before the election, could not divert the right of the electors to fill the office at that election.

That the respondent was regularly elected at said election, has been duly commissioned by the Governor, and is the legal incumbent of the office of Sheriff for said county, for the term of three years from the first Monday of January last.

Judgment accordingly for the respondent with costs.

H. W. WILLIAMS,
P. J. 4th District.

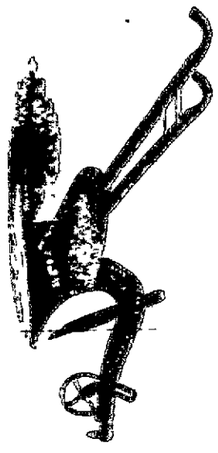
It seems that the the rebel officers who rule Congress are not to be satisfied even with payment for emancipated slaves and of war claims of every description. The reimbursements to the Kuklux of the fines imposed for outrages on Republicans, on their own confessions in the U. S. Courts, or their conviction by southern juries, is to be demanded. Senator Bayard recently announced, on the floor of the United States Senate, that these claims would be brought before Congress for payment. Anything the South demands will of course be granted by Northern Democrats. And Bayard is a candidate for the Presidency.

It now turns out that Secretary Belknap's precipitate resignation was the result of suggestions from Mr Clymer, chairman of the investigation committee, and if he escapes impeachment that gentleman must bear the responsibility.

Democratic Doorkeeper of the House at Washington is not a savory one. He has been indicted for larceny, arson and perjury, and his two sons, also on the pay roll of the House, were indicted for the first two offences at the same time their father was. It does not appear, however, that the defendants were tried on the indictments. Pending indictment they should not have been given prominent positions in the House.

Col. Fred. E. Embick, who endeavored to purchase fourteen members of the Legislature at five hundred dollars a member, was a candidate for the Democratic nomination for State Treasurer, before the Erie convention last fall."—Williamsport *Gazette & Bulletin*.

The New York Legislature adjourned yesterday.



The above cut represents Darius & Peck Improved Steel Plow which has always been awarded first Premiums at every Place Exhibited. Received eight first Premiums at last fall in New York.

FOR SALE BY M. A. UPRAGUE.

WRIGHT HOUSE

B. P. Wright, Prop'r.

MAIN STREET, SMETHPORT, PA.

First Class in Every Respect.

This Hotel is recently built, and is furnished with all the conveniences of a first class hotel. A well stocked and well kept bar connected with the house. Rates reasonable.

AGENTS,

make no arrangements till you see our

NEW BOOK,

Which is thrilling interest, sterling merit, elegance and completeness, has absolutely no equal. It is "Tue Titan" of the Centennial period—takes on sight. The "south Atlantic Monthly" says it is "discovering of wonderful and pleasing, we anticipate for it an extensive success." The Dubuque *Times* says "Just such a work as thousands of the American People will be glad to possess." The Detroit *Advertiser* calls it "unquestionably the most valuable and interesting work yet published." Any active man or woman, of good address, can secure large profits and steady work for a year. For full particulars, address, J. B. FORD & CO., 27 Park Place, New York.

Railroad Time Tables.

McKEAN & BUFFALO R. R.

GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.	Accom.	Mail.
Clermont	8.00 a m	1.40 p m
Wernwag		1.45
Hamlin	8.51	2.00
Colegrove	8.55	2.05
Cresly		2.09
Smethport	9.17	2.25
Farmers Val.	9.31	2.40
Frisbee		2.50
Larrabees	9.50 a m	2.58 p m

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS.	Mail.	Express.	Coal.
Larrabee	11.30 a m	5.39 p m	
Frisbees	11.38	5.38	
Farmers Val.	11.50	5.47	
Smethport	12.05 p m	5.59	
Crosby	12.20	6.13	
Colegrove	12 24	6 16	
Hamlin	12 30	6.20 p m	7.50 a m
Wernwag	12.42		7 11
Clermont	12.54		7 20

S V GODDEN, Supt

BUFFALO, NEW YORK & PHILA. R'y

Going South.

STATIONS.	Mail.	Accom.	Express.
Buffalo	7 25 a m	5.30 p m	2.00 p m
Olean	10.23	8.32	4.35
Eldred	11 11	9 10	
Larabees	11 20	9 16	5 11
P't Allegany	11.34	9.40	5.30
Emporium	12.45		6 25

Going North.

STATIONS.	Express.	Mail.	Accom.
Emporium	5 50 p m	1.45 p m	
P't Allegany	6 52	2 46	4 20 a m
Larabees	7 09	3.09	4 33
Eldred		3 17	5.03
Olean	7 59	3.55	5 49
Buffalo	10.30	7 10	9 00

H. E. LYMAN, Gen'l Pass Agent.
J. D. WOODMAN, Supt.

J. P. WENDEL,

Dealer in

FINE GROCERIES

AND

PROVISIONS,

FLOUR, PORK, LARD,

SALT, AND FISH,

Selected

TEAS.

Pure

COFFEES and SPICES.

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC FRUITS.

and a variety of all other goods usually kept in a First Class Store.

Main St Smethport, Pa

M. L. Armstrong,

Dealer in

SILVER WARE.

AND

ELGIN WATCHES.

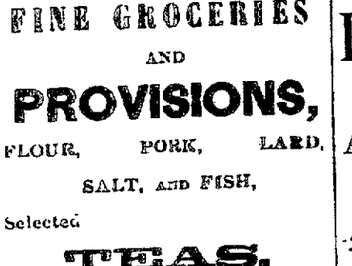
Agent for

ITHACA CALENDAR CLOCKS

in McKean County.

Repairing of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry a specialty.

A HAPPY NEW YEAR!



SMETHPORT, PA.

Call and have your eyes measured
A perfect fit guaranteed.
Every pair warranted.

M. L. ARMSTRONG, Agent.

Port Allegany Planing Mill.

BARRETT BROTHERS,

CONTRACTORS, BUILDERS, AND

MANUFACTURERS OF

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS,

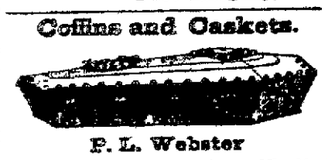
AND

HOUSE MOULDINGS.

Dressed Flooring, Ceiling, &c

Port Allegany, Pa

Coffins and Caskets.



P. L. Webster

WOULD INFORM the citizens of Bradford and vicinity that he keeps ready made coffins, soft and hard wood caskets, etc., constantly on hand.

DOWN! DOWN!

Belknap's Fall Outdone!

BY THE GREAT FALL IN PRICES!

ALL GOODS AT COST!

FOR CASH!

For the purpose of reducing present stock, I have marked all goods at cost for cash. Now is your chance to get rare bargains such as seldom occurs.

FRANK N. TAYLOR.
(Successor to A. N. Taylor.)

AT

A. B. ARMSTRONG'S

LEADING DRUGSTORE OF THE COUNTY,

NO. 1, UNION BLOCK, SMETHPORT, PENNA.,

CAN BE FOUND THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF DRUGS AND Medicines, and all other articles usually kept in first a class druggists.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, PATENT MEDICINES

PAINTS, OILS, & DYE STUFFS,
SOAPS, SPONGES, BRUSHES, COMBS

Perfumeries, Pomades, Oils,

AND TOILET ARTICLES OF EVERY VARIETY. WE ALSO KEEP A LARGE AND WELL Selected assortment of American and French candies, Nuttinery, Bavelopes, &c. ALL

SCHOOL BOOKS AT BOTTOM PRICES!

TOBACCO, CIGARS, PURE WINES & LIQUORS, &c. &c.

Prescriptions Carefully Prepared.

J. Digel's Marble Factory.

Water Street.

Smethport, Pa.

ALL KINDS OF MONUMENTAL, MARBLE and STONE WORK DONE TO ORDER

THE NEW "DOMESTIC"

A Double-Thread Lock-Stitch Machine.

It sews with great facility the lightest and finest as well as the heaviest and coarsest fabrics.

PHYSICIANS RECOMMEND IT as a machine that can be used without harm by any one, because it requires so little effort of any kind, it being so

THE LIGHTEST-RUNNING MACHINE IN THE WORLD.

With our printed directions, no instruction or mechanical skill is required to operate it.

The construction of the machine is based upon a principle of unique and unequalled simplicity, comprising simple levers working upon centres. The bearings are few, and they are hardened and polished.

The machines are made at our new works in the city of Newark, N. J., with new special (patented) machinery and tools, constructed expressly to accomplish what we now offer.

Every machine fully warranted.

"DOMESTIC" SEWING MACHINE CO.,
New York and Chicago.

FASHIONS

SAVINGS.—By using the "Domestic" Paper Fashions the most stylish and perfect fitting costumes can be produced, at a large saving of MONEY to those who choose to make, or cause to be made the making of their own garments. The highest talent and the best facilities in all departments, and the best ideas of the most skilled modistes, both at home and abroad, we are enabled to attain results far above the reach of the average dress-maker. Our styles are always the latest and best. Our elegantly-illustrated catalogue mailed to any lady sending five cents with her address. Agents wanted everywhere.

"DOMESTIC" SEWING MACHINE CO.,
New York and Chicago.

Notice.

WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA.—At Smethport, McKean County the 20th day of Apr. 1876. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of Julius W. Neefe, of Port Allegany, in said county, who has been adjudged bankrupt on creditors' petition, by the district court of said district.

H. KING, Assignee.

a27 4t

A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a receipt that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. Joseph T. Inman, Station, D. Bible House, New York City.

LOCAL MATTERS.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

The subscription price of the Miner is $2.00 a year. If paid in advance a reduction of twenty-five per cent. is allowed, making the subscription $1.50. Subscribers must not expect a discontinuance when their subscription has expired over a few months, and we hope they'll not ask it.

Our Centennial Offer.

On the 4th of July, 1876, we will present a $60 Wood Sewing Machine, warranted by the manufacturers to be in perfect order and of the latest improved pattern, to any one who will send us the name of 30 new subscribers to this paper at one dollar and a half each in advance. The names must all be secured and the money paid to us by the 20th of June next as we cannot order any machines after this arrangement after July 1st. Parties intending to compete for this premium will please notify us as soon as possible. Persons who do not succeed in procuring the requisite number of subscribers will be allowed a liberal percentage for their trouble. All subscribers must be in advance. Parties wishing to earn a $65 or $70 machine will please call upon or address us for terms.

— The Legislature adjourns to-morrow.

— What has become of our District Attorney?

— The sidewalk to the depot is nearly completed.

— The street on the corner of East and Main streets is now passable.

— The "Beautiful Snow" came down upon us in rich profusion on Sunday.

— A large party is being agitated in the Little Basin of our young ladies.

— Services are held in St. Elizabeth's church every evening this week.

— We understand that F. S. Trumbower is to establish a brick-yard in Bradford.

— C. S. Ising is winner of the first heat before the courts in the "friendly contest."

— An arbitration suit brought a great many people into town from Annin and Liberty townships on Tuesday.

— W. A. Williams started for New York last Saturday to look after his trusted friend, Tom Kelly.

— "Fond look's not the appeal of "Woodman spare that tree." The Squire hardens his heart occasionally.

— Congressman Rose has our thanks, though somewhat tardy, for a copy of the Congressional Directory.

— The Centennial arrangements of the B. N. Y. & P. are complete and in operation. Another pair leaves next week.

— Fresh bright hose have lately come elegant supports to the sleeping rooms and parlors of the Soot House during the past week.

— One lady in Smethport proposes to earn a new sewing machine by getting forty new subscribers to the Miner. Success to her!

— The next ball to attend the carnival entertainments at the Court House next Thursday evening. It will be an unusually fine thing.

— Wm. Haskell and a portion of his family went to Buffalo on Monday to purchase carpets and furniture to refit the hotel. There is no mistake about it, the Seaward House is going to boom.

— Lucky citizens will be pleased to learn that the Engineers directed to survey the location of the road to connect the Methodist church with the corner of Hudson street and down Hudson to Water.

— Dave Coleman is the hero who saved Frank Bowker's little boy from drowning the other day. It was a noble deed well done. The little fellow had fallen in the race, and had not Dave been near at hand would have gone over yonder."

— Bogel's newly opened grocery is destined to prove an immense thing for him as well as the public. The dogging stone is of a very superior quality and is adaptable to many important uses. We shall have more to say of it next week.

— John Bogel has gone to the city after a first class marble cutter and stone cutters. He is at present employed on the marble business more extensively than ever before. His store rooms are filled with finished work and he is constantly receiving new orders.

— A lady correspondent writes to know what nation furnishes the best domestics; in reply to which we say that, although we are not very well posted in such matters we feel that we can safely pronounce in favor of our own country. Newark, N. J., furnishes the best. They are called the "Light-Running Domestic" and are to be found at any office or agency of the "Domestic" sewing Machine Company.

— Some people who know more about that matter than we know want to know what we know about the "celebrated" Lawson farmers that the Commissioners have put in the jail. We know nothing about them, but know that the Commissioners ought to put up more but the best and cheapest, and should the county's the interest of the county serve in the matter and not the wishes of a few select advisers. Perhaps they did, but a good many people seem to think otherwise.

— From 12 to 20 car loads of coal are daily unloaded at the Bradford depot.

— The new Exchange Building, in Bradford is to be dedicated by a Hop this (Thursday) evening.

— Chas. King informs us that it is his intention to appeal from Judge Williams' decision to the Supreme Court.

— The difficulty between the Bradford borough authorities and the owners of certain lots on Main Street will be brought into Court at the next term.

— A fresh batch of new advertisements Judge Williams' opinion, and other things too numerous to mention, have compelled us to defer and abbreviate and crowd our local and editorial matter into a much smaller space than usual this week. We are certain that the space taken up by the Opinion will not be begrudged, as it could not be more acceptably filled, and the document in full can be found in no other paper in the county.

Grand Concert

Musical & Dramatic.

AT THE COURT HOUSE,

THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 11, 1876.

Admission.....25 cts.

Reserved seats.....50 cts.

Tickets for sale at the Postoffice.

The above mentioned entertainment is gotten up by some of the finest singers and musicians in our borough solely for the kind and charitable object of assisting in the payment of the necessarily heavy expenses incurred in the treatment of the crippled son of Robt. Walker, who is now in the hands of eminent Philadelphia surgeons, with every prospect of a complete and permanent cure.

The object is one that should appeal directly to the better feelings and sympathies of us all, and we hope some who can thus contribute to this noble charity, while honorable to the giver and really cost, will have the hardihood to refuse. The concert will be under the leadership of Miss Hale Freeman, to whom is also due the main credit of the inauguration of the enterprise. She will be ably assisted by Mr. & Mrs. L. Rogers, Mr. & Mrs. S. V. Godden, Miss Effie Jones, and Messrs. Chas. Walters and Beverly Downey. Many of the pieces will be rendered in costume, and the entertainment will probably be one of the finest to which a Smethport audience was ever treated. The Smethport Cornet Band will also donate their services and music.

Illustrated Lecture.

Rev. Mr. Brett will deliver a lecture at the Court House to-morrow [Friday] evening, with Panoramic views, illustrating Bible scenes and the Holy Land. Admission 20 cents. Child or under 12 years, 10 cents.

Bishop Mullen's Lectures.

The Right Rev. Bishop Mullen, of Erie, will visit Smethport on Saturday, the 20th inst., and will preach at 10½ o'clock. Mass next day, Sunday. On the evening of the same day, at 8 o'clock, he will deliver a lecture in St. Elizabeth's church, and on the following evening another in St. Bernard's church, Bradford.

As Bishop Mullen is universally admitted to be one of the most interesting and logical lecturers in America, he bids fair to have a large audience, both here and at Bradford, therefore come in good season and secure comfortable seats. Tickets can be procured in the vestibule of the church on the evening of the lecture or of Father Flood at any time on and after Sunday the 7th inst.

By order of Com.

Port Allegany Correspondence.

ACCIDENT AT LIBERTY PA.—T. Farley while engaged in chopping had the misfortune of cutting his foot in a severe manner. Dr. Hogarth rendered all necessary surgical assistance, and at last accounts, the man was doing well.

The Photograph Gallery heretofore owned, occupied and run by E. D. Ryno, a high toned Bellefonian, has recently changed hands. Mr. C. A. Dolley of this place taking charge of the building, and Constable H. R. Bard its contents. We are unable at present to state Ryno's intentions in the future but hope at least that he may be more successful than in the past. May God's blessings ever be with Ryno, are wishes of many friends in Port.

Mr. Wright, the popular manager of the Port Allegany House, has made manifest more of his excellent judgment by doing away with the Billiard Table that has for some time been run in the House. He purposes to add to the already popular house a first class reading room in place of table.

Dr. J. S. Stearns has just recovered from quite a severe illness. We hope the Doctor will take better care of his health in the future.

Rowdyism has not quite subsided as yet, even though our highly respected Hughes, of the Reporter, has shot off his mouth quite a considerable through the columns of his dirty sheet.

Dr. C. H. Goltry, has been recently making great improvements to the external appearance of his store by adding new window shades. The Doctor means business, if you don't believe it call and see him.

Quite a number of ladies and gentlemen assembled at the Union Church on Monday evening of this week to witness the union of Mr. Chas. Barney Francisco and Mrs. Susan E. Kinney. Rev. A. H. Maryatt officiated. After the ceremony refreshments were served to a number of invited guests at the residence of the bride. Later in the evening some of the boys honored the newly married couple with some excellent music, the instruments consisting of circular saws, dinner horns, army muskets, bells, &c. "Sanco" did the fair thing and "set'em up for the boys." The happy couple have our heartiest wishes for happiness and prosperity in this life and an eternal and happy union in the next.

We understand that Dr. F. W. Hogarth is to start for the city in a very few days, and as the Doctor is a man of many years experience in the Drug business, it is fair to expect that when he returns he will bring the finest assortment of Drugs & Fancy Goods ever before brought to McKean Co.

Port Allegany, Pa., May 1, 1876.

Thomas McDowell of Arnold McD. & Co has just returned from N. Y. put in a large stock of Goods and made patriotic decorations about the store appropriate for the centennial year.

Miss Minnie Dana returned from New York and is entirely convalescent.

At church yesterday the marriage banns of Mr. Francisco with Miss Sue Kinney were proclaimed as to be performed this evening publicly at the church.

High Mass was held by Father Patterson in this village yesterday.

Quarterly Meeting was held here yesterday by the M. E. Church, Rev. Williams of Portville officiating.

The county commissioners had better see that the mill bridge across the river at this point be repaired, or the county may be subjected to compensate for damage occasioned thereby.

J. E. Moore, the pilot who has run the lumber down the Allegany, sends word from Wheeling, West Va. that the trip has been attended with good luck to that point.

Promo.

Eldred.

The Sheriff continues to visit our town occasionally to adorn the buildings and other conspicuous places with notices headed "Sheriff's Sales." The question that troubles us is When will our turn come to be advertised so graciously?

At last the Governor has condescended to appoint a Justice of the Peace for this town, and C. C. Moses Esq. is the happy man. Now, gentlemen, it is time you called around and settled those old accounts, as the new Squire is ready for business, and the constable is longing for a job to serve the summons.

Last Tuesday two small boys, sons of John Calhoune and Mr Gillett, while playing in the field near the river, were badly poisoned by eating belladonna. They were found, one in the field and the other lying on the ground a short distance from the house, in an unspeakable condition. Drs. Sibley and Chipman were promptly called in attendance, and by administering the proper antidotes the boys were soon relieved, and their recovery ensued shortly.

A meeting of the patrons of Cole's cheese factory is to be held tomorrow morning at the factory, to choose a Salesman and Treasurer for the ensuing season, and transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting. It will be decided then when the factory will be opened.

The summer term of our district school is "booked" to commence on the 8th inst. Miss Addie Watson, of Olean, N. Y. is engaged as teacher. We wish Miss Watson, the same as every other member of her worthy calling, the utmost success, but we scarcely have a right to expect or ask so much, when we consider how difficult it is to crowd upwards of 60 scholars ranging in age from four to twenty years, in a small room, and maintain thorough order. No teacher can do justice to so many scholars under such circumstances. Much complaint has been made against teachers heretofore, and will continue to be made until the number of scholars in the district is materially reduced or Eldred rises up to the emergency and builds a larger and more commodious school House. In connection we ought to have a graded school.

DIED—On the 28th ult., in Otto, Arvilla E. wife of Chas Baldwin, in her 32th year; funeral at the Topeka school house on Sunday. Also on the 28th ult., in the same place, infant son of M. H. and Clarissa Hyde, aged one year and seven months.

OCCASIONAL.

Eldred, May. 1, 1876.

Goods at Cost.

With a view to closing out present stock I have cut and down all goods AT COST for the next TEN DAYS. No better opportunity was ever offered in Smethport for getting goods cheap for cash. A majority of the present stock must be sold at whatever sacrifice. Call at my store and see how many goods you can buy for a very little money.

Frank N Taylor.

A Card.

To my Friends and the Public,

I beg to call your attention to the popular and well conducted GROCERY and PROVISION STORE of Smethport. I propose to conduct a general grocery and provision business in all its branches, and intend to keep the best selected stock of goods to be seen in Smethport, and a much larger assortment than can be found elsewhere. My stock is always NEW and FRESH, and every article sold is warranted to give entire satisfaction. I keep an excellent stock of **Teas, Sugars, Coffees, Molasses, Syrups, Spices, Soaps, Dried Fruit, Fresh Fruits in their season; also Tobaccos, Cigars, Canned Goods and Grocery Sundries, Flour, Salt Pork, Lard, Hams, Shoulders, Dried Beef, Salt Fish of all kinds.** I wish to call your especial attention to my brand of FLOUR manufactured by the reliable firm of E. J. NEWMAN & Co., Akron, N. Y. Every barrel sold is warranted to give the best of satisfaction. I shall always keep on hand a good supply of FRESH MEAT and FRESH FISH of the best quality. All these goods I shall sell as low as the market affords. I shall make it PLEASANT and PROFITABLE for you to do business with me, and as my stock is always full and complete I hope you will look upon J. P. WENDELL'S as your HEADQUARTERS whenever in Smethport. I shall esteem it a pleasure to show you goods at any time. Please do not fail to call early and as often as possible. I am determined that fair and upright dealing and good goods shall win the day, and most cordially invite you to buy of me.

Thankful for all past favors, I am

Very truly Yours,

J. P. WENDELL.

"Hits as yours Eats"

For a moment while we tell you that after all the talk and bluster, to come right down to business, the place is Smethport, or McKean county, to buy groceries and provisions at bottom prices and of extra quality, is at the People's Store. When we say this we have said enough, and only ask a fair trial to demonstrate the truth of our remarks.

A Card

TO THE AMERICAN PUBLIC.

For many years we have made two medicines suited to the ailments of a vast class of sufferers. Thousands of cures have been made by them, and, in fact, the word failure could never be coupled with them. But within the last two years counterfeits of our medicines have sprung up, dangerous in their close imitation of our Trade Mark. To secure the people we have placed upon each genuine box of Holloway's Pills and Holloway's Ointment the fac simile of the signature of our Agent, Mr. Jos. Haydock. To counterfeit this is felony. We shall relentlessly pursue any one who imitates this with the utmost vigor of the law. We most earnestly beg that the great mass of the American people will aid us in our efforts to protect their health, and help us in our task of bringing these most unprincipled men to the bar of justice. Unflinchingly refuse to purchase Medicines purporting to be ours unless Mr. Jos. Haydock's signature is attached to each Box of Pills or Pot of Ointment and the end will soon be reached.

The public's obedient servants,

HOLLOWAY & CO.

Two Years An Invalid—Cured.

"People's Remedies" are seven in number and are manufactured by Dr. M. M. Fenner, Fredonia, N. Y. No one of them is put forward as a "cure all," but each is adapted to a special class of diseases, as described in the circular entitled "People's Remedies," which is wrapped around every bottle. Each remedy, in its place, is curative in the highest sense possible, in the present advanced state of medical science. When thus adapted it will apparently work wonders. Many thousands of certificates of cures on file, written by grateful invalids who have been restored by them to health. Some of these are published in the circular above referred to, representing all classes of society, from the lowly cottage to the princely palaces and offices of state. Ask your druggist for one.

New Bethlehem, Pa., July 20th, 1875.

Dr. M. M. Fenner, Fredonia, N. Y.—Dear Sir:—About two years ago I had an eruption of the skin and swelling of my upper lip and both legs. I could not wear a boot for nine months. I had also a bad cough for about fifteen years. I met you at the McNutt House, here, last February. Showed you my swollen limbs, and you examined my lungs. You prescribed your Blood and Liver Remedy and Nervo Tonic, your self-Rheum Ointment and your Improved Cough Honey. I commenced them use at once, as you directed. The effect surprised me, and all who knew my case. The cough almost immediately ceased. The eruption disappeared, and the swelling went "down and out." It is now about six months since I commenced the treatment. I improved so that I commenced work the first of March, and I now wear my boots and labor as before I was sick. No trace either of the Cough, Swelling or Eruption remains. The cure is complete, and I feel as well as before I was sick. I am willing to be qualified as to the truthfulness of the above, and will cheerfully answer all inquiries. I feel as grateful to you as it is possible for a restored invalid to feel.

Yours truly,

J. M. SEITLER.

For sale by all dealers in medicines and by A. E. Armstrong, of Smethport.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—What is Life Insurance? Apoplexy, &c.—Many people insure their lives to benefit their families by death—how paradoxical is this. To prolong life by preserving the health would be a far more rational manner of assuring it. Apoplexy is swift and insidious in its attacks, striking its victim without a moment's warning. Happily Holloway's Pills—the only safe and certain antidote for this disease, they cool the blood and equalize its circulation through the system. To preserve the stomach in a sound condition and the blood pure is the true secret of health—Holloway's Pills will do this most effectually, and thousands owe their actual existence to them, at the present day. 18ly

— The Colonial Bronze Statue of Victory which stands in the park, at Lowell, before the tomb of the first soldiers who fell in the revolution, is a lasting and beautiful memorial. It is one of the first objects sought by strangers visiting our sister city, which indeed many visit purposely to see this elegant tribute of art. Obtained from the King of Bavaria by Dr. J. C. Ayer—to whom his majesty was especially generous in acknowledgment of what his remedies are reputed to have done for the suffering sick.—It was donated by the Doctor to the City of Lowell, and now stands a permanent and speaking emblem of the victories of both science and Arms.—Bunker Hill (Mass.) Aurora.

Feed and Meal.

I am prepared to supply customers with feed and meal of all kinds at the McKean & Buffalo depot, of the best quality and at reasonable prices.

28—tf F. S. TRUMBOWER.

Trial List for Adjourned February Term 1876, to be held Monday, May 29, 1876.

No. 63. Feb. T 1874.
J F Clark vs A T Newell

No 27 Sept T 1872
S A Seaton vs Mills & Singhas et

No 160 June T 1870
J F Clark vs T J Melvin et al

No 257 June T 1872
James Newell vs Joseph DeLong

No 46 Dec T 1873
William Beardsley vs W H Glass

No 66 Dec T 1873
J F Clark vs W H Glass

No 151 Feb T 1874
[illegible] vs [illegible]

No 295 Sept T 1874
Philo Ackley, guardian vs Jas M & Geo M Welch

No 111 Dec T 1874
Horace Little, Ex'r vs J F Clark

No 130 Dec T 1874
F Rutherman, assignee vs A Ellisbacher et al

No 32 Feb T 1875
use of W H Meadeville vs M'Kean Co Gas Co'l Co

No 6 June T 1875
use of G A Rathbone vs E C Estes, Adm'r

No 7 June T 1875
Geo A Rathbone vs E C Estes, Adm'r

No 8 June T 1875
Henry Souther vs E C Estes, Adm'r

No 70 June T 1875
Horace Little Ex'r vs Augustus W Newell

No 261 June T 1875
J W Windsor vs J S Baker

No 152 Sept T 1875
E H Hahn vs L Ward

No 222 Sept T 1875
Albert Reed vs M'Kean & Buffalo R R Co

No 228 Sept T 1875
Agnes King vs Nancy McEnally

No 41 Dec T 1875
J F Clark vs Horace Little Ex'r

No 146 Dec T 1875
J H Boylan vs S B Rockwell

No 150 Dec T 1875
John J Ridgway vs Geo Jacox et al

No 169 Dec T 1875
John J Ridgway vs Chas Hills et al

No 170 Dec T 1875
John J Ridgway vs John J Boylan, et al

No 213 Feb T 1876
E T Watkins vs E W Green & Wife

No 232 Feb T 1876
David E Foster vs Isaac Foster

C M DARTWELL, Prothonotary.

Smethport, Pa., May 6, 1876.

Health And Its Pleasures,

OR

DISEASE WITH ITS AGONIES: *CHOOSE BETWEEN THEM.*

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

Nervous Disorders.

What is more fearful than a breaking down of the nervous system? To be irritable or nervous in a small degree is most distressing. For wisdom and remedy be found? There is one:—drink but little wine, beer, or spirits, or for better, none; take no coffee,—weak tea being preferable; get all the fresh air you can; take three or four Pills every night; eat plenty of solids, avoiding the use of slops; and of these golden rules are followed, you will be happier in mind and stronger in body, and forget you have any nerves.

Mothers and Daughters.

If there is one thing more than another for which these Pills are so famous, it is their purifying properties, especially their power of cleansing the blood from all impurities, and removing dangerous and suspended secretions. Universally adopted as the one grand remedy for female complaints, they never fail, never weaken the system, and always bring about what is required.

Sick Headaches and Want of Appetite.

These feelings which so sadden us, most frequently arise from derangements or trouble, from obstructed perspiration, or from eating and drinking what is unfit for us, thus disordering the liver and stomach. These organs must be regulated if you wish to be well. The Pills, if taken according to the printed instructions, will quickly restore a healthy action of both liver and Stomach, whence follow, as a natural consequence, a good appetite and a clear head. In the East and West Indies scarcely any other medicine is ever used for these diseases.

How to be Strong.

Never let the bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon. It may appear singular that Holloway's Pills should be recommended for a cure upon the bowels, many persons supposing that they would increase relaxation. This is a great mistake, however, for these Pills will immediately correct the liver and stop every kind of bowel complaint. In warm climates thousands of lives have been saved by the use of this medicine, which in all cases gives tone and vigor to the whole organic system, however deranged—health and strength following as a matter of course. The appetite, too, is wonderfully increased by the use of these Pills, combined in the case of solid in preference to fluid diet. Animal food is better than broths and stewed. By removing acrid, fermented, or other impure humors from the liver, stomach, or blood, the cause of dysentery, diarrhœa, and other bowel complaints is expelled. The result is, that the disturbance is arrested, and the action of the bowels become regular. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the bowels so quickly as this fine correcting medicine.

Disorders of the Kidneys.

In all diseases affecting these organs, whether they secrete too much or too little water or whether they be afflicted with stone or gravel, or with aches and pains settled in the loins over the regions of the kidneys, these Pills should be taken according to the printed directions, and the Ointment should be rubbed into the small of the back at bedtime. This treatment will give almost immediate relief when all other means failed.

For Stomachs out of Order.

No medicine will so effectually improve the tone of the stomach as these Pills; they remove all acidity, occasioned either by intemperance or improper diet. They reach the liver and reduce it to a healthy action, they are wonderfully efficacious in cases of spasm—in fact they never fail in curing all disorders of the liver and stomach.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases.

Ague,	Female Irregularities,	Ulcers,
Asthma,	Fevers of all kinds,	Worms,
Bilious Complaints,	Fits,	Scrofula, or King's Evil,
Blotches on the Skin,	Gout,	Sore Throat,
Bowel Complaints,	Headache,	Stone & Gravel,
Colics,	Indigestion,	Secondary Symptoms,
Constipation of the Bowels,	Inflammation,	Tic-Douloureux,
Consumption,	Jaundice,	Tumors,
Debility,	Liver Complaint,	Ulcers,
Dropsy,	Lumbago,	Venereal Affections,
Dysentery,	Piles,	Worms of all kinds,
Erysipelas,	Rheumatism,	Weakness from any cause, &c.
Fevers of all kinds,	Retention of	

CAUTION: None are genuine unless the signature of J. Haydock, as Agent for the United States, surrounds each box of Pills and Ointment. A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

*** Sold at the Manufactory of Professor Holloway, 244 Strand, London, and by all respectable Druggists throughout the civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents, 62 cents, and $1 each.

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box. v13n27ly

Traverse Jurors For Adjourned February Term, A. D. 1876.

Annin.—Joseph Mullin, H B Roberts, W H Taylor, Geo Tubbs, G W Winship.

Bradford.—Wm Barton, P J Chamberlain.

Bradford Boro.—R W Green.

Corydon.—Truman Colburn, Moses Johnson, Philip Tome, B H Wilcox.

Eldred.—W B Archibald, S A Canfield, John McMahan, Patrick Mullin, H S Rice.

Keating.—Chester Baker, C D Calkins, Jerry Conner, Hiram Moore, Henry Plummer, S D Young, Peter Yerden.

Liberty—Charles Campbell, B D Carter, Geo I. Heath, S C Sartwell, W A Wright, C W Parr.

Lafayette.—John Quinn.

Smethport.—Gilbert Lyman, H S Sartwell, H L Burlingame, S A Bishop, Martin Burns.

A REILLY, } Jury Comm'rs
O VOSBURG, }

Court Proclamation.

WHEREAS, the Hon. HENRY W. WILLIAMS President Judge and the Hons. W. S. BROWNELL and OVAL WARD, Associate Judges of the courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' Court and Court of Common Pleas for the County of M'Kean have issued their precept, bearing date Monday, March 6, A. D. 1876, and me directed, for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' Court, and Court of Common Pleas, in the Borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 29th day of May, 1876, and to continue one week.

Notice is therefore hereby given to the Coroners, Justices of the Peace and Constables within the county that they be then and there in their proper person at 10 o'clock A. M of said day, with their rolls and records, inquisitions, examinations, and other remembrances, to do those things which their offices appertain to be done. And those who are bound by their recognizances to prosecute the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of said county of M'Kean, are to be then and there to prosecute against them as well as just.

Dated at Smethport, May 4, 1876, and the 100th year of the Independence of the United States of America.

C. S. KING, Sheriff.

S. A. Bishop.

ARCHITECT

And Superintendent.

OFFICE—On second floor of Miner Block.

SMETHPORT, PA.

J. G. PELTON,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

OLEAN, N. Y.

The finest cloths for Gents' wear constantly on hand. Suits cut and made in the latest styles, at reasonable prices, and a perfect fit guaranteed. v13-n2

J. G. EATON,

DEALER IN

Heavy & Shelf Hardware,

OILS, PAINTS,

GLASS, PUTTY,

TIN & WOODEN WARE

New Store,

Mechanic St., 2 doors south of Water

12-35 SMETHPORT, PA.

Executor's Notice.

WHEREAS Letters Testamentary on the estate of Gbordis Corwin, deceased, late of Smethport Borough have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will make known the same without delay.

April 6th, 1876. B. C. Corwin. } Executor's.
J. S. Gleason. }

R. O. SMITH & Co.

Would respectfully call attention to the following

DRESS GOODS.

This Department is unusually attractive. Full and complete lines of Black Goods. Novelties in New Fabrics and Colorings, at prices that cannot fail to attract attention.

SHAWLS.

Novelties in Cashmere and Shetland Shawls. Large assortment Paisley Shawls.

LADIES' LINEN SUITS.

A nice assortment of Ladies' Linen Suits; also, Linens in Piece, and Embroidered trimmings to match.

GLOVES & HOSIERY.

Full assortments Lisle Thread, Silk and Kid Gloves. Hosiery in fine qualities, Bleached, Brown and Striped. All the Novelties in Ladies' Ties. Large assortment of Neck Ruches.

PARASOLS.

Large variety in all qualities, with French Horn, Ebony and Pearl Handles.

CARPETS.

Our Carpet Stock includes the best Makes in Market, and at Prices to suit the present Times.

Our lines of DOMESTICS, HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS BOOTS & SHOES, &c, are the largest ever opened by us.

These Goods were purchased on an unusually depressed Market. They are paid for, and all discounts secured. We are in shape to sell them cheaper than any House in Western New York. A personal examination will convince you of our disposition so to do.

R. O. SMITH & CO.

M. A. SPRAGUE,

DEALER IN

HARDWARE

SMETHPORT, PA.

The following List comprises some of the many articles constantly on hand:

Axes
Augers
Auger Bits
Awls
Axle clips
Axle grease
Apple parers
Barn door hinges
Barn door rails
Barn door rollers
Bone knobs
Bath brick
Bed castors
Bell cords
Beef pounders
Belts
Bench hooks
Bench screws
Bevels
Bits
Blacking
Blind butts
Blind staples
Bolts, all kinds
Boot jacks
Borax
Boring machines
Brushes
Buckets
Bull rings
Butts, all kinds
Candle sticks
Cake turners
Calipers
Caps, percussion
Carpet stretchers
Cartridges
Casters
Catches
Cattle leaders
Chain, all kinds
Chalk lines
Chair
Crayons
Chisels, all kinds
Clamps
Cleavers
Clothes lines
Clothes wringers
Coal hods
Coffee mills
Corn cutters
Corn poppers
Cover bolts
Curry combs
Curtain pins
Cutlery
Dividers
Drawers
Drills
Drive screws
Emery boards
Files
Fine
Fishing machines
Forks all kinds
Fruenose
Fry pans
Gate hinges
Gauges
Gimlets
Glazier's point
Glue
Glue pots
Grain stakes
Grindstones
Gun nipples
Gun implements
Hammers
Hand vises
Handles all kinds
Hasps and staples
Hatchets
Hay knives
Hinges all kinds
Hoes
Hooks all kinds
Horse power
Horse rakes
Horse shoes
Ice all kinds—and Blacking, candles and Oysters
Knives
Knobs
Lanterns
Levels
Locks
Mallets
Mink nails
Measuring tapes
Meat cutters
Mole traps
Mop sticks
Moose traps
Mowing machines
Nails
Nuts
Oilers
Oil stones
Pails
Patent nails
Pans
Pulleys
Pumps
Picks
Rakes
Rasps
Rivets
Rules
Sad irons
Saddlery ware
Sand paper
Saw gates
Saws
Scissors
Scrapers, steel and gauge
Screw drivers
Screws
Seythes
Shears
Shovels
Sieves
Spades
Spikes
Spoons
Squares
Stamps
Steel
Tacks
Tea kettles
Tobacco boxes
Tea caddies
Traps
Trowels
Twine, all kinds
Vises
Varnish
Wood screws
Wire
Wheelbarrow handles
Whetstones
Wheel barrows &c. &c.

Also Agent for the reliable **Grover & Baker S. M. Co.** Call and see late improvements, &c., &c. Our rates reasonable.

PATTERSON.

ELGIN WATCHES

BOSTON TIME

J. H. PATTERSON,

JEWELER.

Having established a Jewelry store in the Miner Building would solicit the patronage of the public. All kinds of work done in the best style and at reasonable prices.

May 10, 1875.

J. S. ARMSTRONG

National Photograph

AND

Copying Gallery,

Smethport, Pa.

All kinds of Pic's now taken—in clear and cloudy weather. S. L. ARMSTRONG, the Agent and Operator at this Gallery, has had 22 years experience in the photograph business, and will warrant satisfaction to all who give him a call.

Copying and Enlarging

of pictures made a specialty.

ROOMS IN CHADWICKS BUILDING.

Our Terms will only be cut open as long as business continues good, therefore persons wishing our done should call soon.

THIS PAPER IS ON FILE WHERE

Where Advertising Contracts can be made.

SARTWELL BROTHERS

BILLIARD SALOON AND RESTAURANT,

Sartwell Block,

Second Floor, O. W. SARTWELL. ERIEPORT, PA S. B. SARTWELL

E. R. SHATTUCK,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

WINES AND LIQUORS,

Olean, N. Y.

Particular attention given to orders by mail or telegraph.

Small or large quantities carefully boxed and shipped.

C. V. GILLIS,

DEALER IN

DRUGS, PAINTS, OILS, FANCY GOODS,

ETC., ETC., ETC.

KANE, PA.

JOSHUA DAVIS O. M. JAMES

DAVIS & JAMES,

DEALERS IN

Dry Goods, Groceries, Flour & Feed, Clothing, Notions,

Hardware and General Merchandise,

KANE, PA.

W. E. SIRRETT & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FINE HATS, CAPS, FURS, ROBES, Etc.

Cor. Exchange and Washington Streets,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

The largest Dealers in this class of goods in Western New York.

BONNEY'S

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

Terrace, Near Main Street,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

D. BONNEY & SON, Proprietors.

(LATE E. STONE, Prop'r, Olean Proprietor of the Olean House.)

OLEAN HOUSE,

GEO. VAN CAMPEN, PROPRIETOR,

Union Street, Convenient to depot. } OLEAN, N. Y.

SARTWELL HOUSE,

Port Allegany, Pa.

S. C. SARTWELL, Proprietor.

This above house has been recently rebuilt, refurnished and refitted in the latest style for the convenience of guests.

CABINET SHOP,

Mechanic Street, Smethport.

WM. SPECHT, Proprietor.

FURNITURE,

PICTURE FRAMES, Etc.,

Of every description constantly on hand and made to order.

ALFRED STURDEVANT,

Would respectfully inform the citizens of Smethport and Vicinity that he is now prepared to attend to his customers in his New Quarters,

Over the Post-Office.

Where he is prepared to do

Shaving and Hair Dressing,

In the highest style and at the lowest prices. A perfect accommodation.

CIGARS, COLLARS, CUFFS,

And other fancy and useful articles constantly on hand. Call and be satisfied for yourselves.

PAINTING AND GRAINING!

The undersigned is prepared to do all kinds of PAINTING and GRAINING in a workmanlike manner and at reasonable rates.

Graining By a New and Cheap Process.

I am the only Painter in this locality who is doing GRAINING by a new process, by which I can do it for one-quarter of less than the time and money it would cost by the old way.

CARL SAGER

INSANITY.—The Boston *Post* tells the story of a distinguished New York merchant, well known for his great liberality, who has had the misfortune of seeing a favorite son, who has been very wild, converted under the instrumentality of Moody and Sankey. As a thank offering he has contributed $50,000 toward the Hippodrome expenses.

George III. being informed that an impudent printer was to be punished for publishing a spurious royal speech, said that he hoped the punishment would be light, because so far as he understood either, he liked the spurious one best.

A BIT OF BURLESQUE.

Fashions for Spring, 1876, as Told by "Scribner's Monthly" for May.

Affections are out clothes, are worn by old and young, and are equally becoming to all. They are useful for every-day wear, for hill climbing and rock scaling. They come mostly in the old decided colors, and are worn long or short to suit the taste or convenience of the wearer.

Honor is beginning to be considered a somewhat antiquated goods. Several large houses are selling out below cost, preparatory to going out of business, "as there is no profit in it," they say. Large stocks have accumulated on their hands, as they found few purchasers for even the finest quality. Some apparently heavy dealers have failed entirely, and closed up for want of capital.

Generosity was much worn at the holiday season. It is not an imported goods, but of home manufacture, and comes in all prices and grades.

Intellect is much sought after at certain shops, where it is supposed to be found. A "shoddy" article is often palmed off upon shoppers, a quality with a cotton back and a calm figure. But those really desirous of purchasing can always find a genuine article, and it is within the means of the poor.

Fraud, though not as popular as it was last year, is occasionally worn as a negligee by those retiring into bankruptcy; and at the reception of creditors by their two per cent. dybbuck.

There is another garment shown at openings which promises to be as great a favorite this spring as ever. Its common name is love. It comes in suits, prices ranging from one hundred to many thousand dollars per suit. It is made to order when desired. Sometimes much profit is realized on the sales. Many who have purchased say that it can be turned and made over for another season. There is much counterfeit in the market. It requires a practiced eye to detect the false. Only the real will wear; the frail imitation soon gets shabby by dust and friction. I am told that some of our leading fashionables invest in the cheap material, and trimmed up nicely it is thought to look as well as the genuine.

Policy is one of the most popular overgarments of the season. It seems to be worn by all ages and classes. It is considered the "correct thing" for court, business, or society. Some skill is required in wearing it, so that the lining, which is often of a different texture, shall not show. Those designed for ladies are often trimmed with a bewildering combination of puffs, bows and folds; those for gentlemen are ornamented with red tape.

Orthodoxy is not so high or straight as in former seasons, nor buttoned so closely.

Heresy is very popular, especially when worn with white neckties.

One time, but are home made, which causes a great variety.

Double Crimes.

Our whole system of treating double crimes with one-sided laws, our whole silly policy of treating one party to a double crime as a fiend, and the other party as an angel or a baby, has been not only inefficient for the end sought to be obtained, but disastrous. The man who offers a bribe to another for any purpose which involves the infraction of a law of the State or nation is, and must be, an equal partner in the guilt; and any law which leaves him out of the transaction is utterly unjust on the face of it. If it is wrong to sell liquor, it is wrong to buy it, and wrong to sell because, and only because, it is wrong to buy. If prostitution is wrong, it is wrong on both sides, and he who offers a bribe to a weak woman, without home or friends or the means of life, to break the laws of the State, shares her guilt in equal measure. Law can never be respected that is not just. No law can be enforced that lays its hand upon only one of the parties to a double crime. No such law ever was enforced, or ever accomplished the purpose for which it was enacted; and until we are ready to have double laws for double crimes, we stultify ourselves by our unjust measures to suppress those crimes. Our witnesses are all accomplices, the moral sense of the community is blunted and prevaricated, and those whom we brand as criminals look upon our laws with contempt of judgment and conscience.—*Dr. J. G. Holland, in Scribner for May.*

Ancient Newspapers.

At the coming Centennial newspaper exhibition at Philadelphia it has been decided to display copies of antique journals and other curiosities of newspaper literature. To this interesting collection all persons having ancient, quaint, or curious specimens are invited to contribute, and should the response be as hearty and general as we hope to find it, this gathering of time-worn publications will prove to be not only a leading trait of the newspaper department, but also one of the salient attractions of the exhibition as a whole. All having the ability and the will to aid on the project should transmit their consignments without delay to the Philadelphia office of the newspaper exhibition, Ledger building, 110 South Sixth street, Philadelphia. Whilst on view, these exhibits will have attached to them labels designating by whom they are contributed, and all consistent care will be taken to preserve them from damage. After the close of the exhibition they will be again at the service of their owners, or, in the absence of different instructions, will be transferred to some historical society or museum.

During the late war there were many newspapers issued which illustrated the straits in which their publishers found themselves. Pink, blue and yellow sheets, wrapping paper, and many other substitutes were pressed into the service. Specimens of these now possess a curious interest.—*Exchange.*

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

What is Doing in the Old World and the New.

Richard Kenyon, tax collector of Amboy, Oswego county, N. Y., is a defaulter to an amount ranging from $2,000 to $3,000.... A. T. Stewart's will, which was made in 1873, gave his friend and legal adviser, Judge Hilton, the sum of $1,000,000, and the balance of the immense estate to the widow, with the exception of a few small legacies to faithful servants and employees. No money was left for public charity, but in a letter to his wife he expresses the hope that she will carry out his plans for the welfare of his fellow-men, and requests that each of his employees who has served him twenty years shall have $1,000, and those who have served ten years $500.... It is reported that the shah of Persia has sent a force of troops to Mesched, a city in northeastern Persia, whence they will wage war against Merv. If the shah succeeds he may be expected to take possession of Merv before Russia can annex it..... A bronze figure of Abraham Lincoln, bought by subscriptions from colored people, was unveiled in Washington by President Grant. Frederick Douglass made the address..... St. Mary's county, Md., has had a shake by an earthquake..... Baby farming in Montreal is being looked into, and it is found that of 710 foundlings consigned to the Gray Nun hospital, last year, only eighty-eight survived..... Several houses and barns were burned at Mechanicsburg, Pa., by an incendiary fire, aggregating a loss of $40,000..... The old Greeley mansion at Chappaqua, N. Y., was destroyed by fire.

Jealous over a trifling matter, John McNamara, shot and killed Ellen M. Gallinan, to whom he was engaged, at Corning, N. Y..... For the sum of $1,000,000, the widow of A. T. Stewart has relinquished all the property outside of New York to Judge Hilton, who will carry on all Mr. Stewart's projects in connection with Mr Libby, the dead merchant's old partner. The firm will retain the old name..... A negro in jail at Danville, Ky., for outraging a little white girl, was taken out at night by masked men and hanged..... Dom Pedro, emperor of Brazil, is now in this country on a tour of observation. He declines all public receptions..... Of the 34,300 buildings in New York city, 27,195 are dwellings and 8,203 stores..... During one day there were six suicides in and around New York city..... It is thought that the schooner Belle, from Fort Mulgrave, N. S., for Boston, with sixty-five passengers on board, foundered at sea.

By the burning of Holmes' boot shop in Westborough, Mass., $60,000 were lost.

The barge Keystone, with $10,000 worth of Centennial goods from Albany, struck the bridge at that place and sunk..... Theodore Garren, of Hobokenson Station, N. J., next neighbor to Jacob Young, who was found in his house murdered on April 4th, hanged himself a few days ago, leaving a letter stating that although he was suspected of the murder, he was innocent of the crime..... The Porte complains to the great powers that Servia is aiding the insurgents..... The drought is severe throughout Cuba, and is ruining the growing corn and crops. In the Vuelta Abajo region the tobacco crop is in a bad condition..... Rioting took place in the streets of Lamerick between Home Rulers and Nationals. Over one hundred persons were wounded—forty seriously and six fatally. The college known as Emerson Institute, in Mobile, and used for the education of colored people, was destroyed by fire..... The Louisiana supreme court has denied the writs of the Kellogg railroad to be unconstitutional. Eight steamers have arrived at St. Johns, N. F. from the seal fishery, having on board 31,000 seals. The towboat Dictator was dashed against a bridge at Hannibal, Mo., by the swift current, and striking amidships was broken in two and sunk. Nine persons went down with her..... A terrible epidemic has broken out near Soochow, China, and already has depopulated several small villages..... Insurrections have broken out in the districts of Kwang-ying and Shan-see, China, and are quite extensive..... Ex-Secretary Belknap appeared before the Senate high court of impeachment, and on the House managers preferring the charges, Mr. Belknap offered an affidavit setting forth that as he had ceased to be an officer of the United States, the court had no jurisdiction in the case. The managers asked for time to reply to the answer of Mr Belknap, and the court was adjourned for a few days.

The secretary of the treasury has instructed the officers in charge of the sub-treasuries to redeem fractional currency in sums from 65 to $100 in silver, as no more fractional currency will be issued..... A sanguinary engagement took place between the Turks and insurgents near Mosle, with heavy losses on both sides. The insurgents claim to have driven the Turks to Ozina and Pagkana..... The ship Victory, from Shields, England, for San Francisco, was lost in a storm with all hands—seventeen persons..... The British government refuses to deliver Winslow, the Boston forger, to the United States, unless it be guaranteed that he be tried for no other crime than that for which he is extradited..... Advices from County Carpo, in East New Brunswick, Can., are to the effect that starvation stares the people in the face unless navigation opens soon. Already the stock is gone, and one woman has died of hunger at Perce..... The bill reducing the salary of the President from $50,000 to $25,000 after the present term has been vetoed by President Grant..... The [illegible] months in Ohio, Michigan, Illinois and Indiana give the prospects for wheat as unusually good. Central Indiana and central Illinois both report short crops on account of winter kill..... At the Moody and Sankey meetings in New York, the day before the close, earnest appeals were made to raise a large amount to carry on the Christian work. At the afternoon service $120,000 were collected, and in the evening $100,000 more were taken up.

The Mexican revolutionists have taken possession of Mier the citizens making no resistance. The insurgents having called on Americans in Nuevo Laredo to pay a levy, our government sent word to the officer in command of the Rio Grande department to prevent the enforcement of the levy. The Indiana Democrats nominated James D. Williams, M. C., for governor, and a full State ticket. The State delegation to St. Louis was pledged to Gov. Hendricks. The platform declares for hard money, opposes contraction, believes in a greenback currency, calls for continued investigations, and opposes any payment of the Confederate debt..... The revolution in Hayti is triumphant, Domingue, the late president, has fled. Vice-President Bazeaus and Lesquet, the general in command of the government forces, have been shot..... Montana instructed her delegates to the Republican national convention to vote for Mr. Blaine..... The Boston *Pilot* has been purchased by Archbishop Williams and J. Boyle O'Reilly. They propose to pay every dollar to the poor people who deposited money in the former proprietor's hands. The latter co-operated..... A man named Shuck committed suicide by shooting in Philadelphia, and his wife shortly after took poison and with the same result..... Breaks in the Mississippi levee occurred in Carroll parish, La., and near Hannibal, Mo., doing incalculable damage..... New York city's school rolls for March showed 111,819 names of scholars.

The Fulton Manufacturing Co., of Woonsocket, R. I., extensive mill owners, have made an assignment—their liabilities amounting to over $2,000,000..... Two rob are arrested for the Baxter Springs bank, at Fort Scott, Kansas, during business hours, presented pistols, stole $3,000, and escaped..... In four days in Bagdad there were 145 new cases of the plague and seventy-five deaths. The disease has now appeared on the left bank of the Tigris..... Fifteen pilgrims were drowned while crossing the river Vienne, near Feraca, France..... Ten thousand dollars in currency were exchanged for silver at the New York sub-treasury the first day of the resumption..... The total expense of the Philadelphia exposition is put at $9,500,000..... A party of whites were attacked by Indians fifty miles from Custer City, in the Black Hills. Two men and a woman were killed, three men seriously wounded, and a colored woman carried off. Three broken wagons found in Buffalo Gap indicate that another party has been overtaken and captured by the savages..... Nebraska Democrats appointed to the national convention are supporters of Mr. Tilden..... John Dolan was executed in New York city for the murder of James H. Noe. The murder who committed last August, and the murdered man was in defence of his premises at the time. He begged hard for his life, but the burglar said he could not trust him, and brutally beat the unfortunate man to death. Strong efforts were made to have Dolan's sentence commuted to imprisonment for life, but Gov. Tilden refused to interfere. Dolan died easily.

FORTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

The Business of General Interest Transacted.

SENATE.

Mr. Mitchell (Rep.), of Oregon, from the committee on privileges and elections, to which committee was referred the question as to the proper amount of compensation to be paid to P. B. S. Pinchback, late a contestant for a seat from the State of Louisiana, reported a resolution to pay Mr. Pinchback a sum equal to the compensation and mileage of a senator from the beginning of the term for which he was a contestant to the termination of the contest by the Senate. Ordered to be printed and lie on the table.

Mr. Sherman (Rep.), of Ohio, from the committee on finance, reported favorably on the Senate bill to amend the laws relating to the legal tender of silver coin. Placed on the calendar. The bill will provide for the coinage of a silver dollar of 412 8-10 grains of standard silver, to be a legal tender for any amount not exceeding $20 in one payment, except for customs dues and interest on the public debt. The legal tender power of the trade dollar is totally abolished. The other existing silver coins are to remain a legal tender for the amounts now fixed by law. The bill allows holders of bullion to exchange it at market value for the new dollars at their face value, or for United States notes at par. The proposed limitation of the issue of the silver dollars to $50,000,000 has not yet been incorporated in the bill.

Mr Morrill (Rep.), of Maine, called up the House bill making appropriations to supply the deficiencies in the appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1876, and for prior years. Various amendments proposed, appropriating $100,000, were agreed to, and the bill was read a third time and passed.

The House bill to define the tax on fermented and malt liquors was taken up and passed, with an amendment providing that nothing in the act shall have the effect to change the prese nt rules of the law respecting evidence in any prosecution or suit.

Mr. Thurman (Dem.), of Ohio, called up the motion to reconsider the vote by which the bill in regard to counting the votes for President and Vice-President was passed. After some discussion the vote was reconsidered—yeas, 31, nays, 23—and the bill was placed on the calendar. The Pennsylvania deficiency, or Holy Jersey, called up the bill in relation to the Japanese indemnity fund, and submitted an amendment to strike out the clause authorizing the President, after correspondence with the Japanese government, and in a manner satisfactory to it, to transfer said fund, together with its increase, to the government of Japan in trust, the income thereof to be perpetually used for the education of labor in Japan. Agreed to.

Mr Morrill (Rep.), of Vermont, introduced a bill authorizing the secretary of the treasury to allow Mrs Minnie Sherman Fitch to receive free from duty a wedding present from the Khedive of Egypt, and it was passed unanimously.

Mr Sargent (Rep.), of California, submitted the following which was ordered to be printed

Resolved, That the Senate recommend to the President that he cause negotiations to be entered upon with the Chinese government to effect such change in the existing treaty between the United States and China as will lawfully permit the application of restrictions upon the great influx of Chinese subjects to the country.

Mr. Booth (Lib.), of California, from the committee on pensions, reported favorably on the bill to amend section 4,698 of the revised statutes, so as to allow a pension of $37 per month to soldiers, who have lost both an arm and a leg, in place of the $24 per month now allowed. Placed on the calendar.

HOUSE.

Mr. McCrary (Rep.), of Iowa, introduced the following bills, which were referred: To create a sinking fund for the liquidation of the government bonds advanced to the Union Pacific railroad company; also in relation to the cancellation of mortgages.

The debate on the Hallet Kilbourn case was proceeded with. The resolution offered by Mr. Lynde (Rep.), of Wisconsin, directing the sergeant-at-arms to make a return to the writ, and to produce Mr. Kilbourn before the court, was adopted—yeas, 165, nays, 75.

The House took up the report of the election committee on the Alabama contested election case of Bromberg against Haralson. The report being unanimous against the claim of the contestant, Bromberg, and declaring the sitting member, Haralson, entitled to the seat. The report was agreed to.

Mr. Whitehouse (Dem.), of New York, introduced a bill for refunding the interest bearing debt of the United States into United States consols bearing four per cent gold interest and having forty years to run. Referred to the committee on ways and means.

Mr. Cox (Dem.), of New York, presented the petition of publishers of New York city against the recent decision of the Postmaster General that all books and other printed matter not issued at stated intervals, and for the restoration of the old rate. Referred.

The House resumed the consideration of the Florida contested election case, and after some discussion the report was adopted—yeas, 119; nays, 83—and J. J. Finley was declared entitled to the seat.

Mr. Singleton (Dem.), of Mississippi, from the committee on appropriations, reported back the Senate amendments to the Consular and Diplomatic Appropriation bill, and moved that they be non-concurred in. Agreed to.

Mr. Young (Dem.), of Tennessee, offered a resolution reciting the unsettled condition of the Mexican republic, and the many outrages committed on the persons and property of American citizens living in the neighborhood of the Rio Grande, and requesting the President of the United States to order such military force to rendezvous at some suitable point on the Rio Grande as will be able to enforce existing neutrality laws, to prevent hostilities on the border, and to preserve the peaceful relations between the two countries, and also requesting the President to direct the general of the army to proceed in person to the scene of the threatened outbreak, and to take such measures as may be necessary to maintain peace and protect the honor and dignity of the government. Referred to the committee on foreign affairs.

Looking at the Planets.

The planets Mars and Venus can now be seen, when the evenings are favorable, among the bright stars of Arlee, apparently near each other. Mars is beyond the sun, over 225,000,000 miles from the earth, and although reduced in size to a star of the first magnitude at this great distance, can be detected by its ruddy light. It will be noticed that Venus sets soon after Mars, and further to the north each evening. Venus will be brightest on June 7, and after July 14 will cease to be an evening star.

Mind Your P's.

Persons who patronize newspapers, says an exchange, should pay promptly, for the pecuniary prospects of the press have a peculiar power in pushing forward public prosperity. If the printer is paid promptly, and his pocketbook kept plethoric by prompt paying patrons, he puts his pen to the paper in peace, his paragraphs are more pointed, he paints his pictures of passing events in more pleasant colors, and the perusal of his paper is of more pleasure to his people. Paste this piece of proverbial philosophy in some place where all persons can perceive it.

FRANCE.—The marvelous recuperation of France is again proved by Leon Say's budget for 1877. In 1869, the last complete year before the war, the revenue amounted to 1,400,000,000 francs; the expenditure for 1877 is estimated at the enormous sum of 2,126,000,000 francs, which shows that in eight years the taxation of France has increased fifty per cent., the excess over last year's expenditure being 60,000 francs. For the army and navy 730,000,000 francs are allotted, but for education only 40,000,000 francs.

[From the St. Louis Globe.]

The Successful Physician.

There is probably no man to whom the community owes so much as to the honest, fair-spoken physician, who does his actual duty both to himself and to his patients. Really skilled physicians are not so numerous that their virtues need no mention, and hence the advertisement of Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, may well claim the reader's attention. Dr. Pierce is a type of a class of men who obtain success by careful and well directed effort, not attempting too much, or creating false ideas as to ability. The only reliable physician in these days of complicated disorders and high-pressure living is the "specialist," the man who understands the one branch of the business. Such in his line is Dr. Pierce. For the benefit of his readers he has written a "Common Sense Medical Adviser," which is well worth reading by those who need such a work. With strict business honor, high professional skill, reasonable fees, and a large corps of competent assistants, Dr. Pierce will doubtless make his name familiar as "household words."

CHRONIC DISEASES CURED.—In communities remote from larger towns there seems to be but two alternatives for the sick; either to employ the family physician or to patronize the patent medicine venders. Those who are driven to this extremity, if suffering with chronic disease, we would advise to write to Dr. R. V. Pierce, of 120 Lexington avenue, N. Y. Dr. P. is the noted author of "Plain Home Talk," "Medical Common Sense," "Science in Story," and other popular medical works which have had a wide circulation all over the globe. In Dr. P. we have a physician who has had extensive experience in treating the sick at a distance from his office, and, moreover, his consultations are *free*. Any one of our readers is at liberty to consult him with the mere outlay of a postage stamp. He is said to have patients at the present in Germany, Great Britain, Liberia Chinese Empire, and the West Indies. If patent medicines can now and then be successfully when adopted by people who have little knowledge of their own organizations and of their diseases, how much more successfully can a physician, after instituting all necessary inquiries, prepare remedies precisely suited to the organizations and diseases of the invalid, just as a tailor cuts and fits a coat to the back. In this more important matter relating to the health and life of people, there is all the difference which exists between Chatham street clothing and that made by a first-class tailor, after taking the most minute measurements. Dr. Pierce is a recognized success in his specialty.

See notice Family Bitters.

Important to Persons Visiting New York or the Centennial.

The GRAND UNION HOTEL, New York, opposite the Grand Central depot, has over 350 elegantly furnished rooms. Elevator, steam, and all modern improvements. European plan. Carriage hire is saved, as baggage is taken to and from the depot, free of expense. The restaurants supplied with the best. Guests can live better for less money at the Grand Union, than at any other first-class hotel. Stages and cars pass the hotel constantly to all parts of the city, and to Philadelphia depot.

TO ALL, particularly invalids, spring is a trying season. Indications of sickness should be at once attended to. Fatal diseases may be caused by allowing the bowels to become constipated, and the system to remain in a disordered condition, until the disorder has time to develop itself. An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure, is an old and truthful saying. Therefore, we advise all who are troubled with the complaints now very prevalent—headache, indigestion, disordered liver, want of appetite, nausea, or feverish skin, to take, with out delay, Schenck's Mandrake Pills. We know of no remedy so harmless and decisive in its action. It at once strikes at the root of the disease and produces a healthy tone to the system. People need never suffer from any disease arising from a disordered condition of the liver if they would take this excellent medicine when they feel the first indications of the malady. Families leaving home for the summer months should take three or four boxes of these pills with them. They have an almost instantaneous effect. They will relieve the patient of headache in one or two hours, and will rapidly cleanse the liver of surrounding bile, and will effectually prevent a bilious attack. They are sold by all druggists.

The Markets.

NEW YORK.

Beef Cattle—Prime to Extra Bullocks	10¾@	11¾
Common to Good Texans	08 @	08
Milch Cows	40 00 @	90 00
Hogs—Live	10 @	10¼
Dressed	10 @	10¾
Sheep	06¾@	07½
Lambs	11¾@	12
Cotton—Middling	10¾@	10¾
Flour—Extra Western	5 50 @	5 60
State Extra	5 55 @	5 60
Wheat—Red Western	1 30 @	1 30
No. 2 Spring	1 23 @	1 23
Rye	98 @	98
Barley—State	97½@	97½
Barley Malt	1 00 @	1 00
Oats—Mixed Western	49 @	49
Corn—Mixed Western	67¼@	67¼
Hay, per cwt	80 @	1 05
Straw, per cwt	85 @	1 15
Hops	04 @	06
Pork—Mess	20 03½@	22 85
Lard	11¾@	12¾
Fish—Mackerel No. 1, new	37 00 @	37 00
No. 2, new	10 00 @	16 00
Dry Cod, per cwt	4 00 @	5 10
Herring, Scaled, per box	25 @	35
Petroleum—Crude	6¼ @ 8½	Refined, 14½
Wool—California Fleece	23 @	28
Texas "	20 @	25
Australian "	48 @	59
Butter—State	34 @	37
Western Dairy	28 @	33
Western Yellow	30 @	32
Western Ordinary	16 @	22
Cheese—State Factory	07¾@	13¾
Skimmed	06 @	07
Western	08¾@	12
Eggs—State	17¾@	18
ALBANY.		
Wheat	1 37 @	2 37
Rye—State	91 @	93
Corn—Mixed	83 @	84
Barley—State	93 @	90
Oats—State	33 @	50
BUFFALO.		
Flour	5 25 @	10 00
Wheat—No. 1 Spring	1 26 @	1 26
Corn—Mixed	60 @	61
Oats	37 @	37
Rye	54½@	55
Barley	65 @	65
BALTIMORE.		
Cattle—Live Middlings	12¾@	13¾
Flour—Extra	5 75 @	6 75
Wheat—Red Western	1 20 @	1 20
Rye	75 @	78
Corn—Yellow	60 @	60
Oats—Mixed	45 @	45
Petroleum	08¾@	08¾
PHILADELPHIA.		
Beef Cattle—Extra	06¾@	08¾
Sheep	06¾@	07¾
Hogs—Dressed	11¾@	12¾
Flour—Pennsylvania Extra	0 00 @	0 00
Wheat—Western Red	1 10 @	1 10
Rye	81 @	82
Corn—Yellow	69 @	70
Mixed	67 @	69
Oats—Mixed	46 @	46
Petroleum—Crude	10¾ @10¾	Refined, 14½
WATERTOWN, MASS.		
Beef Cattle—Four to Choice	4 75 @	5 75
Sheep	2 00 @	6 00
Lambs	3 00 @	6 00

Pimples on the face, rough skin, chapped hands, saltrheum and all eruptive affections cured, the skin made soft and smooth, by the use of JUNIPER TAR SOAP. It is made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York, is the only kind that can be relied on, as there are many imitations, made from common tar, which are worthless.

The best protection for a man now is innocence.

SILVER TIPPED SHOES

Patronage of the health and benefit of the lame is the celebrated SILVER TIPPED SHOES. Beware of imitations. These shoes are sold by the million, for parents know they last twice as long as those without Tips. Also try Wire Quilted Soles.

Have you seen the CABLE SCREW WIRE Boots and Shoes? Millions are being worn; all say they are the easiest and best Shoe ever made. Also try Wire Quilted Soles.

CABLE SCREW WIRE

25 Fancy Centennial Cards, with name, 10c. Agt's J. B. RUSTED, Nassau, Rens. Co., N. Y.

20 FANCY MIXED CARDS, no two alike, with name, 10 cts. NASSAU CARD CO., Nassau, N. Y.

A PERFECT PUZZLER. Send 10 cts. to the SOQUET PUB. CO., Providence, R. I. Box 1155.

LADIES! Superfluous Hair permanently eradicated. Price $1.00. 2 stamp. Union Toilet Co., Indianapolis, Ind.

25 JET CALLING CARDS, with name in gold, 20 cents. J. K. BARBER, Maiden Bridge, N. Y.

6 VERY desirable NEW ARTICLES for Agents. Mailed by J. C. CAXWELL & Co., Chesterfield, Conn.

20 Extra Fine Mixed Cards, with Name, 10 cts., post-paid. L. JOHNS & Co., Nassau, N. Y.

Profitable, Pleasant work; hundreds are employing; none wanted. H. W. LOVELL, Erie, Pa.

WANTED AGENTS. Samples and Outfit free. Better than Gold. L. COULTER & CO., Chicago.

$200 A MONTH. Agents wanted. Rend. Mfg. Co., 151 Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

FREE Gift of a Piano for distributing our circulars. Address U. S. PIANO CO., 810 Broadway, New York.

$5 to $20 a day at home. Samples worth $1 sent free. STINSON & CO., Portland, Me.

$12 a day. Home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. Address TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

$10 to $25 per day. Send for Chromo Catalogue. H. BUSSELL'S Sons, Boston, Mass.

$290 PER MONTH TO AGENTS to sell our new "Patent Steam Cooking Machine." Address, with stamp, T. S. PAGE, Toledo, O.

Agents Wanted.—Twenty Six 11 Mounted Chromos for $1. 2 samples by mail, post-paid, for 25 cts. Universal Chromo Co., 27 Beekman Street, New York.

$40 to $60 a Week and Expenses or $100 forfeited. All the new and standard $1 Chromos, etc. Valuable Samples free with Circulars. R. L. FLETCHER, 111 Chambers Street, New York.

HALE'S

HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

FOR THE CURE OF

COUGHS, COLDS, INFLUENZA, HOARSENESS, DIFFICULT BREATHING, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE THROAT, BRONCHIAL TUBES, AND LUNGS, LEADING TO CONSUMPTION.

This infallible remedy is composed of the HONEY of the plant Horehound, in chemical union with TAR-BALM, extracted from the tree ABIES BALSAMEA, or Balm of Gilead.

The Honey of Horehound SOOTHES AND SCATTERS all irritations and inflammations, and the Tar-Balm CLEANSES AND HEALS the throat and air-passages leading to the lungs. FIVE additional ingredients keep the organs cool moist, and in healthful action. Let no prejudice keep you from trying this great medicine of a family physician, who has saved thousands of lives by it in his large private practice.

N. B.—The Tar Balm has NO BAD TASTE or smell.

PRICES, 50 CENTS AND $1 PER BOTTLE. Great saving to buy large size.

Sold by all Druggists.

"Pike's Toothache Drops" cure in 1 minute.

LEARN TELEGRAPHY THE BEST OFFER ever made to Young MEN and LADIES. Address, with stamp, SHERMAN TEL. CO., OBERLIN, O.

$77 A WEEK guaranteed to Male and Female Agents in their locality. NOTHING TO RISK. Particulars free. P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Me.

AGENTS All Want it—thousands of Hives and millions of property saved by it—formers made with it—particulars free. C. M. LEWIS GROS & BRO., New York & Ohio.

OPIUM and Morphine Habit cheaply and speedily cured. Pamphlet sent free. Send stamp for Particulars. Dr. GARTON, 187 Washington St., Chicago, Ill.

$250 A MONTH—Agents wanted everywhere. Business honorable and first-class. Particulars sent free. Address WORTH & CO., St. Louis, Mo.

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